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FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
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THE MORNING STAR.

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REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

VOL. LX.—NO. 45. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9.178

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—May 13.

Sun Rises	4.56 A M
Sun Sets	6.56 P M
Day's Length	15 h 00 m
High Water at Southport	4 19 A M
High Water at Wilmington	6.52 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 13.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 73°; 8 p. m., 73°; maximum, 78°; minimum, 68°; mean, 73°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .66 inches.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. May 12th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer continues slightly above the normal along the Atlantic coast, and below over the interior, with unsettled weather prevailing generally over all sections. No well defined storm area is apparent. A trough of low barometer extends from the lakes southwest to Texas. Rain is falling now over Florida, the Carolinas, Mississippi, Tennessee and New York and fell during the day over all other sections locally. The heavy rainfall of 1 28 inches is reported from Palestine, Texas. It is cooler to our immediate west, and warmer over the southwest. Conditions still indicate unsettled weather with showers for this locality during the next 36 hours.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Unsettled weather, with local rains and thunder storms has prevailed over the cotton belt during the past 24 hours. High mid-day temperatures were generally reported Tuesday. The following heavy rainfalls occurred: Norfolk, Va., 1 12; Amite City, La., 2 04; Amarillo, Texas, 1 04; Corpus Christi, Texas, 1.66 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 11.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 4.2 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, threatening weather, with showers; southerly winds.

OUTLINES.

In the Senate yesterday, Morgan, of Alabama, requested that his Cuban resolution go over until to-day, with a view to having a statement of facts laid before the Senate at that time; Butler, of North Carolina offered a resolution requesting information as to sale of the Union Pacific Railroad. —— It has been decided by the President that J. E. Boyd, of North Carolina, should be appointed an assistant attorney general. —— N. O. Newberry will be collector of customs at Edenton, N. C. —— Indications are that Chipley will be elected U. S. Senator by the Florida Legislature. —— M. S. Farmer, of Flat Rock, N. C., is an applicant for appointment as auditor for the War Department. —— Cheatham's nomination for recorder of deeds, District of Columbia, will be confirmed at the next executive session of the Senate. —— Cotton manufacturers will meet in Charlotte Saturday. —— The American Tract Society met in New York; the old board of managers was re-elected. —— Propositions for an armistice have been submitted to Turkey by ambassadors of the Powers at Constantinople. —— "Typhoon" won the Louisville Derby; "Ornament" was second. —— Gen. Miles, U. S. A., is on his way from Southampton, Eng., to Constantinople. —— Senator Pettigrew has re-introduced his anti-Trust amendment to the Tariff bill. —— The Traders' Bank, Lynchburg, Va., is in the hands of trustees; it has been in liquidation since September last. —— Two negro girls who confessed to poisoning the Kelly family, Madison county, Ala., were hanged to a tree. —— Rice-growers from Georgia, South Carolina and Louisiana have invaded Washington seeking to prevent proposed changes in the Senate of the rice schedule as it passed the House. —— The Czar has ordered that the Russian ambassador at Constantinople insist peremptorily upon the cessation of hostilities by Turkey. —— It is said Turkey resents the mediation of the Powers, desiring to negotiate with Greece directly; demands a war indemnity of three million pounds and the right to occupy Thessaly until it is paid; there is an uneasy feeling at Athens; the Government has compromised itself without obtaining positive guarantee that Turkey will cease hostilities; Turks are trying to outflank the Greek position at Domokos; both armies are concentrating in anticipation of an engagement. —New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1½c and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent; cotton steady; middling 7⅝c; flour was firm and generally held above buyers' views; winter patents $4 60@$4.90; wheat—spot steady; No. 1 Northern 81¾; corn—spot firm; No. 2 30½c at elevator and 31½c afloat; rosin steady; strained common to good $1 65; spirits turpentine dull at 28½@29c.

President McKinley eats beefsteak and onions, and doesn't care who knows it.

Spain has both Cuba and the Philippines whipped, and she wants to borrow $40,000,000 to finish up the job.

Colored folks are high in Texas. One of 'em has sued a railroad for $50,000 damages for being injured by a train.

When Senator Foraker was a boy he used to pick geese. He takes a pluck occasionally at Hanna now and finds him a pretty tough one.

Hon. Mark Hanna has been bossing the Republican party, but Senator Jones, of Nevada, has taken that job off his hands for the present, until it gets through with that little tariff business.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

For some time they have been painting houses in England with an apparatus that dispenses with the brush and puts on the paint in a spray from a nozzle, the force used being compressed air. The idea has been caught in this country, where something similar has been introduced. It is said to do the work more quickly and much more cheaply than it could be done in the old way, while it easily reaches narrow places, corners, cornices, &c., which it is troublesome to paint with the brush.

Kansas has some thrifty hustlers. In the town of Wauneta the doctor, drug store man and magistrate are consolidated in one man. As a druggist he sells the boys sperits, and when they get hilarious he fines them as a magistrate. There are five voters in the town and he had three of them up before him the other day.

Senator Gorman expresses the opinion that the new tariff will get through by the 1st of July. After they get it in the best shape they can the sooner they put it through the better. If it is good, all right, the sooner it will produce fruit; if it is bad, the sooner the people will get sick of it.

The negroes in Washington and the District of Columbia have a grievance. They say the President is drawing the color line and appointing from the colored race only mulattoes, quadroons and octaroons to office. They think this figuring in fractions not the square thing.

A Syracuse (N. Y) man has sued his father-in-law for $100,000 damages for alienating the affections of his wife. His wife can't complain at the valuation he put upon her affections, if he did have another living wife, as her father alleged.

The New York *Sun* calls the anti-trust and inheritance tax laws of New York "anti-thrift" laws. The *Sun*, which is now with Mark Hanna, shines for the trust, but it still poses as a Democratic paper.

A Chicago man who has a record of having smoked 150,000 cigars, is dying of starvation, resulting from cancer of the throat, caused by excessive smoking. For more than forty years he smoked from ten to fifteen cigars a day.

This year is the centenary of the meerschaum pipe. But notwithstanding its age it is a mere sham yet. As a thoroughly satisfying smoker it can't hold a candle to the unsophisticated cob pipe or the Sally Dillard clay.

There are 3,183 Smiths in New York city, and several Johns among 'em.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. W. SANDERS—Eggs.
FOR SALE—Handsome soda fountain.
FOR SALE—Cottage at Ocean View.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

A MAVRONICHALS—Ice cream.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Jas. B. Clark, of Newbern, was here yesterday.

— Mr. D. C. Rogers, of Hubert, was in the city yesterday.

— Capt. E. E. Groom, steamboat inspector, arrived yesterday.

— Mr. M. C. Guthrie, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Thos. S. Morse, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Henry Mullins, of Marion, S. C., was registered here yesterday.

— C. C. Lyon, Esq., of Elizabethtown, is in the city attending the Federal Court.

— Mrs. Loftin and Miss Loftin, of Rocky Point, were registered here yesterday.

— Dr. I. C. M. Loftin, of Rocky Point, was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

—Capt. Haywood Clark, the genial and clever Atlantic Coast Line conductor who has been transferred from the Norfolk & Carolina to the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad during the busy season, was in the city last night.

Three of a Kind.

Three well known humorous lecturers met here yesterday. They were Rev. B. W. Spillman, whose lecture on "Laugh and Grow Fat" has furnished amusement to audiences in several States, Mr. Will D. Upshaw, who has an interesting lecture on "Earnest Willie," and Mr. Henry W. Blount, who is one of the best on the lecture platform.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A fresh coat of paint greatly improves the appearance of several of the stores on the wharf.

— The Edison Projectoscope Company left yesterday for Newbern, where they place an engagement of three nights.

— The Commencement exercises of the class of '97 of Wake Forest College take place May 24th to 27th inclusive. The STAR acknowledges the receipt of an invitation to attend the exercises.

— The revenue cutter *Morrill* arrived at Southport yesterday with the practice ship *Chase*, which was damaged last week in collision with the schooner *Richard F. C. Hawley* off Charleston.

— Willie Dunham, son of Mr. Benjamin Dunham, of this city, has been a sufferer for about two years from a stone accidentally swallowed. On yesterday, while playing, he was enabled to get rid of it by throwing it up.

— This is "about the size" of many commendations we have received: "We thank you for your concise reports of the Baptist convention, and for giving, as usual, the local and general news of the day." No flowers!

— Capt. George Stevenson (colored), of the Mutuals ball team, has made arrangements for a series of three games between his team and the Norfolk Red Stockings, commencing next Wednesday. The Norfolk team is the champion colored team of Virginia.

Excursion From Newbern.

The excursion from Newbern will bring a large crowd of people to-day. It is thought that as many as two hundred will come. The W., N. & N. Railroad has arranged a programme by which the visitors can reach here by 11 o'clock in the morning and get back at 11 o'clock at night. There will be a number of wheelmen along and these, or some of them, will probably get off at the railroad crossing, where they will be met by some of the Wilmington 'cyclists and accompanied to the beach.

In this connection it has been asked if the Oakland 'Cycle Club accepted the challenge of the Carolina Club to engage in a competitive relay race. The challenge was sent several weeks ago but if it has accepted nobody here knows anything about it. Success to our friends from Newbern.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—5 bales cotton, 39 casks spirits turpentine, 148 bbls rosin, 55 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—13 casks spirits turpentine, 47 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—9 casks spirits turpentine, 89 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—1 cask spirits turpentine, 9 bbls rosin, 17 bbls tar.

Schooner Pigott—10 casks spirits turpentine, 43 bbls rosin.

Flat and raft—230 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 5 bales; spirits turpentine, 77 casks; rosin, 331 bbls; tar, 310 bbls.

U. S. Commissioner's Court.

Talton Johnson, white, will be tried by United States Commissioner R. H. Bunting to-morrow at noon, charged with intimidating a U. S. Court witness. Johnson was arrested last Saturday on a warrant from Siler City, by U. S. Deputy Marshal Pugh, of that place, and Deputies Guyon and Fonville, colored, of this city. He was taken before Commissioner Bunting and committed to jail in default of a $500 bond, to await a trial to-morrow. Johnson has been wanted by the authorities for about two years, but eluded arrest until Saturday when he was arrested at Point Peter.

Handsome Tapestry Painting.

There is a very handsome piece of tapestry on exhibition at Gerken's Emporium. It is entitled "Surprise" and was painted by Mrs. M. B. Weathers, of Rocky Point.

Now that all the works of art in the State are being sent to be placed on exhibition at the Woman's Exposition of the Carolina's at Charlotte, it would not be a bad idea for this piece of work to be displayed there also.

Convenience to Visitors.

A handsome new sign above the wharf of the steamer *Wilmington* bears the reading "Southport and Carolina Beach Steamboat Line." This will be of great convenience to visitors.

The visiting "brethren" who went out on the *Wilmington* Monday and Tuesday were greatly pleased with the trip, though some of them felt a touch of sea-sickness.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

State Dental Society.

The State Board of Dental Examiners is in session at Charlotte for the purpose of examining candidates to practice dentistry. Dr. J. E. Matthews, of this city is in attendance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

The Negro who Robbed the Postoffice at Cromartie Sentenced to Two Years in Penitentiary—A Number of Other Cases Tried Yesterday.

In the United States District Court yesterday cases were disposed of as follows:

United States vs. Lewis Baker, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty. Defendant sentenced to imprisonment for thirty days.

United States vs. Flora Oxendine, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to thirty days in jail.

United States vs. Henry Locklear, retailing liquor without license. Defendant pleaded guilty; judgment suspended and defendant discharged.

United States vs. Eliza Lowrey, retailing liquor without license. Called and failed.

United States vs. Bettie Jacobs, retailing liquor without license. Prayer for judgment continued until next term.

United States vs. Catherine Hunt, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty; judgment suspended and defendant discharged.

United States vs. Sandy Moorman, retailing liquor without license. Continued for defendant.

United States vs. James Taylor, for costs. Defendant discharged as insolvent.

United States vs. Wm. Davis, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty; sentenced to sixty days in jail and fined $100 and costs.

United States vs. Lewis Nobly, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty; sentenced to sixty days in jail and fined $100 and costs.

United States vs. Peter Scarboro, robbing postoffice. Nol prossed, with leave.

United States vs. Rhoda Lowrey, retailing liquor without license. Called and failed.

United States vs. J. W. McLaurin, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Sam McEachern, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Jim McPhail, retailing liquor without license. Verdict not guilty.

United States vs. Will McEachern, retailing liquor without license. Verdict not guilty.

United States vs. Isaac Thompson, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Andy McNeill, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Mack Harding, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Tom David, retailing liquor without license. Verdict not guilty.

United States vs. Vaul Gail, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Strickland Locklear, retailing liquor without license. Verdict guilty; sentence, sixty days in jail and to pay $100 fine and costs.

United States vs. J. D. Rochelle, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. James Hammond, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Sydney MacRae, retailing liquor without license. Continued.

United States vs. Will White, alias Gilliam Hart, colored, charged with robbing the postoffice at Cromartie. Sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Albany penitentiary and to pay a fine of one hundred dollars. White alias Gilliam is the man arrested by Deputy Sheriff Flynn and Policeman Wm. Murray, and subsequently tried by United States Commissioner Bunting.

Shortly before 6 o'clock Court took a recess until 10 o'clock this morning, when the civil docket will be called.

AN IMPORTANT CASE.

Suit for $40,000 Damages—Will Be Tried at the Present Term of the United States District Court.

An important suit will be heard before his honor, Judge Thos. R. Purnell, at this term of the Federal Court. It is one brought by the White Oak River Corporation Company against Mr. Thomas McIntyre, who is well known to Wilmington as the principal owner of the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk railroad and the Glenoe stock farm.

Some years ago the White Oak River Corporation, through its manager, Capt. K. E. Terry, sold to Mr. McIntyre a half interest in large tracts of land located along White Oak river, in Jones and Onslow counties.

It is claimed by the White Oak River Corporation that the contract provided for a railroad to be built into the land for the purpose of properly developing it. The railroad has never been built and Capt. Terry has brought suit for $40 000 damages. His attorneys are Messrs. M. DeW. Stevenson, of Newbern, C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, and John D. Bellamy, of Wilmington. Messrs. F. M. Simmons, A. D. Ward of Newbern, and Col. A. M. Waddell of this city, are counsel for Mr. McIntyre.

A large number of witnesses for one side or the other came down to the city yesterday. Some of them are Messrs. J. H. Bell, Pollocksville; Cyrus Foscue, Fowle; Charles Gerock, Jacksonville, and the following from Maysville: Lewis Bynum, J. M. F. Mills, W. C. Humphrey, K. R. Parsons, Fred Nelson, W. H. Mills, R. H. Mills, S. W. Henderson, A. A. Eubank, C. D. Foy, P. C. Foy, Jno. I. Hurst, E. S. Dixon and Rev. Job Smith.

State Officials.

Mr. John R. Smith, of Raleigh, superintendent of the State penitentiary, was in the city yesterday. He left in the afternoon for Wadesboro to visit the Anson farm.

Mr. A. P. Holland, superintendent of the State farm at Castle Hayne, was also amongst the arrivals in the city yesterday.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

GRAND CHAPTER OF NORTH CAROLINA IN SESSION.

Officers Elected—Grand Commandery of Knights Templar—The Mystic Shriners—Parades To-night and To-morrow—Excursion to Ocean View.

The adjourned session of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of North Carolina was held yesterday morning at 3.30 o'clock. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

Most Excellent Grand High Priest—W. A. Withers, Raleigh.

Deputy Grand High Priest—M. S. Willard, Wilmington.

Grand King—W. F. Randolph, Asheville.

Grand Scribe—J. D. Bulluck, Wilson.

Grand Treasurer—Wm. Simpson, Raleigh.

Grand Secretary—H. H. Munson, Wilmington.

Grand Captain of Host—E. P. Bailey, Wilmington.

Grand Principal Sojourner—J. H. Hackburn, Newbern.

Royal Arch Captain—Jno. Drury, Raleigh.

Masters of Vail—A. J. Harrell, Goldsboro; J. K. Norfleet, Winston; W. H. Kitchin, Scotland Neck.

Grand Tiler—R. H. Bradley, Raleigh.

Raleigh was selected as the next place of meeting, and at which place the semi-centennial of the Grand Chapter of North Carolina will be observed.

At 1 o'clock the Chapter adjourned *sine die*.

In the afternoon the Council of Royal and Select Masters and conferring of Council degrees and the order of High Priesthood occupied the time.

Past Grand High Priest J. T. Barron of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of South Carolina installed the officers of the Grand Chapter.

Mr. Albert E. Fugler, of Columbia, S. C., Grand Secretary of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of South Carolina, and Mr. Jno. R. Ballinger, of Bamburg, S. C., Past Grand High Priest also of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of South Carolina, assisted the officers of the Council in conferring the degrees.

The Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, met last night. The officers in attendance were as follows:

R. E. Grand Commander—W. A. Withers, Raleigh.

V. E. Deputy Grand Commander—J. H. Hackburn, Newbern.

Grand Generalissimo—M. D. Bailey, Winston.

Grand Captain General—Dr. W. E. Storm, Wilmington.

Grand Senior Warden—W. F. Randolph, Raleigh.

Grand Junior Warden—J. D. Bulluck, Wilson.

Grand Treasurer—Wm. Simpson, Raleigh.

Grand Recorder—H. H. Munson, Wilmington.

Grand Prelate—Rev. S. McQueen, Goldsboro.

Grand Standard Bearer—D. G. Maxwell Charlotte.

Grand Warden—E. P. Bailey, Wilmington.

Grand Sentinel—Robert H. Bradley, Raleigh.

The Commandery adjourned until 9.30 o'clock this morning, after the transaction of several matters of importance.

The Knights Templar will assemble at Masonic Temple this afternoon at 5 o'clock, and from there they will go on parade. The line of march is as follows: From the Masonic Temple to Front street, down Front to Nun, up Nun to Third, up Third to Dock, up Dock to Sixth, up Sixth to Market, down Market to Third, up Third to Red Cross, down Red Cross to Front, down Front to Market, and thence back to the Masonic Temple.

To-night the visitors will attend a banquet at the Carolina Yacht Club house, Ocean View.

The Mystic Shriners will parade to-morrow afternoon, and to-morrow night Oasis Temple Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will meet.

The Second Regiment Band, which will turn out with the Knights Templar, will give a concert at Ocean View to-night.

Grand Treasurer Wm. Simpson, of Raleigh, and Delegate F. L. Jacobs, of Asheville, arrived yesterday. A large delegation, together with an excursion, is expected to arrive from Newbern to-day.

ODD FELLOWS.

The Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F. in Session at Charlotte—Wilmington Has Several Delegates.

In the presence of about 225 Odd Fellows Grand Master W. T. Dortch, of Goldsboro, called the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. to order in the new hall of Charlotte Lodge at 8 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The address of welcome was delivered by James A. Bell, of Charlotte.

The main business in the afternoon session was the initiation of new members, of whom there were 63.

In the night meeting a resolution to establish an infirmary for the old, at Goldsboro was passed. The sum of three hundred dollars was raised on the spot, and the matter referred to the Committee on State of the Order.

The reports of the different officers show the order to be in a flourishing condition. Its total membership in North Carolina is 4,531.

Those in attendance from Wilmington are Grand Treasurer R. J. Jones, Grand Conductor M. W. Jacobi, and four representatives, namely, A. J. Marshall, from Cape Fear Lodge No. 2; Geo. H. Howell, from Orion No. 67; Isaac Northrop, from Hanover No. 145, and J. J. Hopkins, from Wilmington No. 139.

— Mr. W. R. Guion, representing the Oettinger Soap Company, of New York, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

RALEIGH'S BUDGET.

GOV. RUSSELL INVITED TO VISIT CHARLOTTE.

Diseased Cattle Killed—Cumnock Coal Co.—Pharmacists' Convention—The Hart-Glass Scandal.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 12.

Mr. H. S. Chadwick, chairman of the committee on arrangements, invites Governor Russell by authority of the committee in charge to visit Charlotte as the guest of the city and the committee referred to, on the 20th. There will be a sham battle on the 20th, in which several State companies will participate.

The cases of tuberculosis here among the cattle at the Experiment Station is said to be in a very mild form. Eight cows have been killed so far, four being killed yesterday. It is thought the disease is now stamped out.

The Cumnock Coal Company has just put in an improved fan at the mine; over 100 tons of coal are being mined daily.

The Druggists Association convened this morning and Mayor Wm. Russ delivered the address of welcome. There are a number of prominent wholesale druggists from the North present. To-morrow a german in honor of the association will be given by the Capital Club.

Mr. Thos. Russell, the Governor's brother, has been at the penitentiary for two weeks learning the duties of his new position. He will not take hold for yet awhile.

Mr. Claudius Dockery may locate in Raleigh for the practice of law.

The Episcopal Convention opened with religious exercises.

It is claimed by friends that Mrs. Glass did not go away with Hart, but that she went to the home of her father in Virginia, where she now is.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 5; Washington, 4.
Boston, 3; Pittsburg, 1.
Brooklyn, 5; Cleveland, 3.
New York-Louisville—wet grounds
Chicago, 8; Cincinnati, 1.
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Brooklyn at Chicago.
New York at Cincinnati.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Louisville.
Washington at Pittsburg.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	13	3	.812
Louisville	9	4	.692
Philadelphia	11	6	.647
Pittsburg	9	5	.644
Cincinnati	9	7	.562
Cleveland	8	8	.500
New York	6	6	.500
Boston	7	8	.466
Brooklyn	6	10	.375
Chicago	5	12	.294
Washington	4	10	.285
St. Louis	4	12	.250

The Quakers are now pushing the Colonels hard for second place, and should they defeat them in to-day's game they will gain it.

St. Louis is now gallantly defending the rear, a position she will no doubt relinquish at the first opportunity. The Quakers defeating her in two games yesterday proved disastrous.

Maul's arm gave out yesterday while pitching for the Senators, and it is probable that he will now retire from the box.

New York seems destined not to have a chance, at any rate soon, of paying Louisville back for the drubbing she received Monday.

TAMMANY DAY

Celebrated by the Braves of Eyota and Cherokee Tribes Improved Order of Red Men.

"Tammany Day" was celebrated last night by Eyota and Cherokee Tribes of Improved Order of Red Men. A large number of braves from both tribes were present and made the pale faces, who were adopted, tremble as they joined in the war dance. Afterwards refreshments were served, while the "big injuns" proceeded to have a good time generally. During the evening speeches, appropriate to the occasion, were made by Aldermen W. H. Northrop, Jr., Capt. Jas. M. McGowan and others.

The committee of arrangements, who are responsible for the enjoyable time, consisted of Capt. Jas. M. McGowan and Messrs. E. R Wooten and Geo. Sloan, of Eyota, and Messrs. W. H. Lane, A. B. Shiver and H. A. Parker, of Cherokee. With all the merry-making the STAR was not forgotten, but was the recipient of a waiter ladened with a portion of the feast, and the night force "didn't do a thing to it."

Laid at Rest.

Fayetteville *Observer*, May 12: Nothing could testify more to the esteem in which Capt. W. C. McDuffie was held than the great concourse of people who assembled yesterday to pay their last tribute to his memory, and the sincere sorrow every one seemed to feel at his loss. Seldom has one seen so many or as beautiful floral tributes as were laid upon his grave. The services at St. John's Episcopal church were conducted by Rev. Isaac Hughes, assisted by Rev. J. N. Starr.

His comrades in life, the Independent Company, the Knights of Pythias, numerous carriages and hundreds of people on foot escorted the remains to their last resting place.

Following is the list of pall bearers: Dr. J. Vance McGougan, Archie Sykes, Dr. J. H. Marsh, Benj. R. Huske, S. H. MacRae, H. McD. Robinson, Hector McGeachy, John Underwood; honorary, N. B. Alexander, B. R. Taylor, H. R. Hall, R. G. Haigh.

AMPLE PROVISION.

[*North Carolina Baptist*]

If in the mind of any native of the State or foreigner there was any doubt as to the ability of Wilmington to entertain the Convention, that doubt was entirely removed the first day of this great meeting. Handsomely were the numerous messengers cared for and everybody seemed delighted. Pastor Oliver and his efficient co-workers deserve great credit and sincere gratitude for the ample provision made for this occasion.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

Sudden Death of an Old Citizen of Fayetteville.

Mr. George Brandt, who had many friends in Wilmington, died at his residence in Fayetteville, last Monday night, of paralysis of the heart.

The *Observer*, mentioning his death, says:

Mr. Brandt came to this country forty-odd years ago from Germany and shortly afterwards settled in Fayetteville. Up to a few years ago, when he retired from business, Mr. Brandt was one of Fayetteville's leading merchants, and was noted for his integrity and honesty.

The deceased was in his seventy-third year. He leaves a widow, who was Miss Mary Smith, a sister of ex-Sheriff J. B. Smith, and four children, Leon J., George, Marion and Ellen.

Mr. Brandt was a brave soldier of the Confederate army, having been a member of Company F, First Regiment N. C. Troops.

— Mr. B. W. Townsend, of Red Springs, and Mr. L. G. Blaw, of New York, are in the city on a business visit.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Sale,

Cottage on Ocean View Beach, nicely furnished and has every convenience.

my 13 1t W. N. HARRISS.

For Sale,

OUR HANDSOME TUFT'S FRISCO SODA FOUNTAIN, in nice condition, for cash, or on easy terms. Will make liberal exchange for a smaller apparatus. Also for sale ten (10) Copper Fountains, in good order.

For particulars address THE SPARKLING CO., Petersburg, Va.

my 13 1t

Send Us Your Orders

OR ASK FOR QUOTATIONS WHEN needing Meats, Lard, Flour, Sugar, Coffees, Rice, Tobacco, Soap, Crackers, Candy, Molasses or anything in the Grocery line. We will sell you goods as cheap as any one from any point. All we ask is a trial, and will substantiate this. We solicit your orders and consignments.

R. R. STONE & CO., No. 7 South Water St.

my 5 D&W tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 5TH, 1897, DAILY except Sunday: Leave Wilmington, 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6 30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 7.30 a. m., 11 30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday Trains: Leave Wilmington, 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 12 m., 5 p. m.

my 4 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

Attention Representatives

TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully, ARTHUR PREMPERT, 11 South Front street.

my 12 tf

Trustee Sale of Hardware.

I OFFER FOR SALE $5,000 WORTH OF Staple Hardware. The entire stock of John R. Pender, consisting of Farm Implements of every kind, Cook Stoves, Belting, Cast Material, Cutlery, Paints, Oils &c. In fact a well assorted and complete stock of Staple Hardware for cash. This is a fine opportunity for any one who may wish to engage in this line of business in the finest agricultural section of North Carolina. Come at once and examine the stock.

F. S. ROYSTER, Trustee.

Tarboro, N. C., May 4th, 1897. my 9 1w

Wil. Seacoast R. R. Co,

30 Minutes to Ocean.

Surf Bathing, Boating, Fishing, &c.

The following rates for passenger fare will be in force to any and all stations on and after 4th May, 1897:

Single Trip Tickets (one way)........20 cents each.
Excursion Tickets (Round Trip)......35 " "
Commuter's Book (20 Round Trips)..$6.00 per book.

From Greenville or Bradley's Creek, to any station on Beach, 15 cents round trip.

From Wrightsville, to any station on Beach, 10 cents round trip.

From any station on Beach to any other station on the Beach, 5 cents each way.

R. O. GRANT, Supt.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President. my 4 1w

Cooling, Refreshing, Emolient.

Pyxis Toilet Cream

—FOR—

ROUGHNESS, TAN, SUNBURN.

Most Drug Stores sell it, 25 cents.

JAMES D. NUTT, Proprietor.

ap 29 tf

Press Boy Wanted.

A strong active boy who has had experience in

Running Job Presses

can, if well recommended, secure employment by applying at the

ap 28 tf STAR OFFICE.

For Sale Low

50 Barrels MOLASSES,
100 Barrels MULLETS,
50 Bags COFFEE,
200 Boxes TOBACCO,
all grades.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

mar 28 tf 12 Market St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

Opens at Nashville, May 1st, and closes October 30th, 1897.

For this occasion the

Seaboard Air Line

Will sell

Excursion Tickets

AT VERY REDUCED RATES, the following being total rates from points named:

		A.	B.	C.
Charlotte	N. C.	$24 60	$18 05	$12 75
Cheraw	S. C.	26 25	19 25	13 80
Durham	N. C.	26 25	19 25	14 00
Hamlet	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Henderson	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Lincolnton	"	24 60	18 05	12 75
Lewiston	"	27 00	19 80	14 40
Louisburg	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Maxton	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Monroe	"	24 60	18 05	12 75
Pittsboro	"	27 00	19 80	14 35
Raleigh	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Rutherfordton	"	24 60	18 05	12 15
Sanford	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Shelby	"	24 60	18 05	12 75
Wadesboro	"	25 95	19 05	13 80
Weldon	"	26 25	19 25	14 00
Wilmington	"	26 25	19 25	14 00

Class A. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit November 7th.

Class B. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit twenty (20) days from date of sale.

Class C. Tickets sold Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, April 29th to October 26th. Final limit ten (10) days from date of sale.

Through service between all points on the

Seaboard Air Line

—TO—

NASHVILLE.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

Run through without change.

For further information as to rates, schedules, train service, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address

H. S. LEARD, S. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
S. S. BATCHELOR, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
T. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
GEO. McP. BATTLE, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen'l Agen., Passenger Department, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. John, V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager. J. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.

my 6 tf

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

DEPARTMENT STORE.

Latest Novelties in Ladies' Collars and Cuffs.

Many other styles 10 to 25 cents. Special prices in every department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

North Fourth Street, Near Bridge.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. my 6 tf

We are still receiving nice new fresh goods. Gents, Ladies, Boys and Girls of many styles and kinds. Beautiful lines of Children and Infant's

SHOES.

We take occasion to thank the generous public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed, and ask a continuance of the same. We solicit a trial from those who have not dealt with us. In passing look in our window. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. my 2 tf

Sale of Valuable Phosphate Lands and MACHINERY.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1897, AT THE County Court House door in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following property of the North Carolina Phosphate Company, to-wit: A certain tract of land in the said county of New Hanover, beginning at the North side of the bridge over Prince George's creek on the Wilmington and Newbern road, and running thence Northeastwardly with said road to its intersection with the land of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, thence N. 70 deg. 15 minutes E. 35 chains 30 links with the land of said Railroad Company to a stake; thence N. 62 deg. W. 107 chains 96 links to the swamp; thence Southwardly with said swamp to Prince George's creek; thence Eastwardly with the meanderings of said creek to the beginning, containing eight hundred acres. Said land is described in a deed of trust from the North Carolina Phosphate Company to A. B. Andrews and others, Trustees, dated January 1st, 1889, and duly registered in New Hanover county.

Also all and every the rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises of the said North Carolina Phosphate Company, and all the works, machinery, property and effects of the said corporation now upon the land above described.

Said sale is made pursuant to the judgment of Wake Superior Court rendered at April term, 1897, in the cause therein pending entitled, "A. B. Young and others against the North Carolina Phosphate Company and others," No. 6013 Civil Issue Docket. Said judgment appearing on Minute Docket "B", pages 61 et seq. of the records of said Court. Terms of sale, Cash. Hour of sale, 12 m.

C. M. BUSBEE, S. F. MORDECAI, Commissioners.

May 5th, 1897. my 8 1ds

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1897

ON THE WRONG TACK.

Everybody is anxious to see prosperity come to the country, and no one more, perhaps, than the politicians who promised it and feel that their hold on power depends on the realization of those promises. They either believe or think they believe that prosperity can be brought by an increase of tariff duties, to encourage manufacturers to make more goods for people who can't buy what they make now. The aim of a protective tariff is to make the home market *the* market for the manufacturer and practically speaking the only market because with the assurance he has of higher prices and better profits in the home market than in other markets he will work for that and neglect the others, in which he could not compete any way with foreign manufacturers while he has to pay duty on the raw materials he consumes. But if he could compete the protective tariff being in its essence prohibitory tends to close not only to the manufacturer but to the farmer and other producers foreign markets, because the people of other countries deal where they can deal to the best advantage, buy most from the people who buy most from them and with whom they can exchange profitably their commodities for such things as they need and can turn into profit. The English manufacturer, for instance, ships his cargo of agricultural implements, other kinds of hardware and other goods to Argentina and takes his pay in wheat, for which there is a good market in his own country. He exchanges his cargo at the English price for the wheat at Argentine prices and makes a profit on that because he has no tariff to pay on it when it goes into an English port, so he makes two profits one on the cargo which he sends out and another on the cargo which he brings back.

How is it with the American manufacturer? He ships a cargo of the same articles which the Englishman ships but he must have cash; he can't exchange it for wheat or any other product of that country which is taxed on entering an American port, for that would take the profit off. This is the reason why our manufacturers have cut such a small figure in foreign markets, why they have never made any serious attempt to push their goods in foreign markets, and why they have depended mainly upon the home market, from which the foreign competition was practically debarred.

The Wilson tariff was an improvement in this respect, took a wiser view of the needs of our manufacturers, lowered many of the duties on imports and put certain raw materials on the free list so that our manufacturers would stand on the same footing, as far as these were concerned, with their foreign competitors, and the result was that our manufacturers exported more of their goods since that tariff became operative than they ever did before within the same time, thus verifying the predictions and vindicating the wisdom of the Democrats who insisted on a reduction of tariff duties and in putting certain largely used raw materials on the free list, both of which policies are to be reversed by the new tariff framers, who assert that this is the way to restore prosperity, in the face of its failure for years and the success of the opposite policy.

But how is the manufacturer to prosper unless the farmer prospers? How can the farmer prosper when very little of what he produces brings the cost of production and very much of it less than that? At least one half the population of the United States are dependent upon the labor done upon the farm. Nearly every merchant is dependent more or less upon it. The railroads with the three millions of people dependent upon them are dependent upon it. The boats that carry cargoes upon the lakes and rivers are dependent upon it. The wagon manufacturers, and the manufacturers of agricultural machinery and implements are dependent upon it, and there are others dependent upon all of these, so that it may be safely said that nearly all the people of the country are dependent directly or indirectly upon the farm and can only prosper as the farmer prospers. There is no agrarianism or pandering to the farmer in this, it is simply a cold-blooded statement of fact justified by experience and observation and based on common sense.

Let wheat go to a dollar a bushel and see how the railroad men hustle, and note how cheerfully and confidently they talk. Let wheat and other farm products go up and keep going up, and note how soon the manufactories which were closed start up and how the wheels in the others hum with increased activity. Isn't this an eloquent admission of the dependence of both on the farm? As it is with those, so it is with scores of other industries and other callings.

If the cotton planters and the farmers had in hand last year's crop of cotton, grain and other products, and cotton went to ten cents a pound, wheat to a dollar a bushel, corn, oats and everything else in proportion and continued, then we would have prosperity inside of ninety days, and so much of it that it would keep us hustling to keep up with it.

But how are these increases in prices to come? That's the question. There is no special foreign demand for any of our farm products, and there isn't a very active demand at home, because in the depressed condition of business and the poor rewards of labor for those who have employment the people are too poor to buy liberally, and many of them find it about all they can do to buy what they need even at present prices. Increasing tariff duties is not going to increase the price of farm products, or improve the generel condition much, if any. There is one way in which that can be done, only one, and that is by increasing the volume of money and making what the sticklers for gold and scarce money call "cheap money," "cheap" not because it is bad, but because it is abundant. There are two ways by which this can be done One is by the free and unlimited coinage of silver, the other State banks, either of which would be good, both of which would be better. Thus the country would be supplied with all the money it needed; and that longed-for, promised prosperity would come right along.

MINOR MENTION.

Within the ten years ending June 30th, 1896, this country exported $156,486,325 in gold more than it imported. In other words we added that much to the stock of gold in Europe; sent out that much gold which never came back. If we had not continued to coin to fill up the vacuum, how long would it be before we were cleaned out of gold entirely? Within that time there has been coined $400,000,000 in gold, so that notwithstanding the exports we are better supplied with gold than we were ten years ago. So much for the free and unlimited coinage of gold. But there is an object lesson in this. The excess of exports over imports for a period of ten years shows that there is a continuous draw upon the gold resources of this country, not a spasmodic movement, but a continuous one. This is one of the few gold-producing countries to which the European Governments look for part of the supply to keep up their hoards. They draw on us at the rate of something over $15,000,000 a year. Hasn't this a tendency to keep gold scarce with us and to make it more difficult to get to discharge obligations payable in gold? And yet there are so-called financiers who persist in clinging to the gold standard and leaving us at the mercy of foreigners, who every year draw millions from us and thus diminish the volume of the money they expect us to pay to them if we owe them anything. Every dollar they take from us which does not return in the course of trade makes it just that much the more difficult for us to meet obligations in that coin.

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A good many air ships are seen these days, or rather nights (by the way, it is remarkable that they are never seen in the daytime), or *the* air ship is seen in many different places, sometimes almost simultaneously, and still there are a good many people skeptical about them, and a good many who positively refuse to believe that there is any such thing as an air ship or that an air ship is a possibility. When Thomas Jefferson was in France in one of his letters he described some experiments which he had seen with an air ship. That was about 1789. But the first authentic, historic account of a sure-enough air ship ante-dates the Paris' venture by over a hundred years, and is a genuine Yankee invention. We clip from an exchange which quotes from a history of Connecticut which was published in England in 1781:

"About 1646 people of New Haven fitted out a ship and sent her richly laden to England to procure a patent for the colony and a charter for the city. After the ship had been at sea some weeks there happened in New England a violent storm, which induced the people of New Haven to fast and pray and inquire of the Lord whether their ship was in that storm. This was a real fast, for the people neither ate nor drank from sunrise to sunset.

"At 5 o'clock in the afternoon they came out of meeting, walking softly and sadly homeward. On a sudden the air thundered, and the lightnings shone abroad. They looked up toward the heavens, when they beheld their ship under full sail, and the sailors steering her from west to east. She came over to the meeting where they had fasted and prayed, and then was met by a euroclydon, which rent the sails and overset the ship; in a few moments she fell down near the weathercock on the steeple, and instantly vanished. The people all returned to the meeting, where the minister gave thanks to God for answering the desires of his servants, and for giving them an infallible token of the loss of their ship and charter."

After reading this sober account of this air-ship which met with such a disastrous fate (which may have had a discouraging effect on launching any more of them), the skeptic will see that the air ship isn't such a new thing after all.

* *
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Chairman Dingley doesn't like the manipulation of his tariff bill by the Senate Committee and insists that, eliminating the revenue that is expected from the increase of the tax on beer, tea and tobacco, the proposed Senate bill, or, as Mr. Dingley calls it, the revised House bill, will not produce as much revenue as his bill would. Very likely this is so, and the Senate Committee might possibly take the same view of it and give as a reason for the changes that they didn't deem it wise to practice any more extortion on the people than was necessary under the circumstances for the benefit of the protected interests, which are pretty well recognized even in the modified schedules. But isn't it a practical confession that there was no necessity for these increased impost duties when the Senate turned to beer, tea and tobacco to get the bulk of the revenue needed? And when it is further considered that they claim they will get about $90,000,000 out of sugar, the question might be asked why do they pile the taxes on other things, when sugar, beer, tea and tobacco will give them all the revenue they need, as the tariff rates now run, and leave a large surplus over? The only way to account for this is that the increase of duties is simply a sop to the gentlemen who contributed to Mark Hanna's campaign fund.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— President McKinley has secured the resignation of the Kansas negro Mr. Cleveland made Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia. This is the man who got into the civil service wood-pile and caused that organization so many sleepless nights, but Mr. Cleveland protected him as long as he was able.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— The Washington Star says there seems to be no means of deciding whether the Democratic party resides at Wolfert's Roost, Lincoln, Nebraska, or Princeton, N. J. The Democratic party does not reside at either of these places but more than 6,000,000 people believe, beyond doubt, that the greatest leader of the party is William J. Bryan,—*Richmond State, Dem.*

—— "New York importers," says the World, "are angry because the Republicans held the retroactive clause of the Dingley bill over their heads until they paid $32,000,000 in duties and then made the law effective July 1." The sufferers have one consolation, however. They are getting the kind of government they voted for after a long experience of it.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— The gold bugs are getting their arguments confused. Those Republican newspapers which favor a protective tariff ascribe the downfall of manufacturing enterprises that go under to the disastrous effects of the Wilson bill, and those gold bugs newswapers whihe favor free trade ascribe the failures and all other disasters which befall the business community to the fear of free silver. When these dishonest doctors disagree there is a possibility for the patient to recover by discharging both.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

That tired feeling is due to impoverished blood. Enrich the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and be strong and vigorous. †

TWINKLINGS.

— The person who is afflicted with kleptomania always feels that he ought to take something for it.—*Tit Bits.*

— "Call me at 6.30" said the drummer from Cincinnati.

"We will do more than that," said the courteous Boston hotel clerk.

"We will arouse you."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— Sprocket—"Did your wife run into anything when she first got her wheel?"

Bloomer—"Yes; she ran into debt."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "Your daughter seems perfectly at home on her wheel."

"Oh, no; when she is at home she never smiles like that."—*Chicago Record.*

— "The decree," announced the messenger of Jupiter, "is, that you shall be bound forever to the wheel!"

"W—which make?" asked Ixion anxiously.—*Puck*

— Mertie—He offered me a dollar apiece for kisses.

Marie—Did he pay up?

Mertie—No; he's not a millionaire."—*N. Y. Evening Journal.*

— "For a while he was clear out of his mind about that girl,"

"And now?"

"Oh, now the girl is clear out of his mind."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Wickwire—"Have you been following Timmins' career lately? He has written several short articles full of promise."

Mudge—"So have I. but I haven't been able to pay any of them yet."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Let The Whole World Know The Good Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Does

HEART DISEASE, has its victim at a disadvantage. Always taught that heart disease is incurable, when the symptoms become well defined, the patient becomes alarmed and a nervous panic takes place. But when a sure remedy is found and a cure effected, after years of suffering, there is great rejoicing and desire to "let the whole world know." Mrs. Laura Wineinger, of Selkirk, Kansas, writes; "I desire to let the whole world know what Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has done for me. For ten years I had pain in my heart, shortness of breath, palpitation, pain in my left side, oppressed feeling in my chest, weak and hungry spells, bad dreams, could not lie on either side, was numb and suffered terribly. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and before I finished the second bottle I felt its good effects, I feel now that I am fully recovered, and that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure saved my life."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health........

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits, or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS cure RHEUMATISM, WEAK BACKS. At druggists, only 25c. No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y su tu th [Change.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Shelby *Aurora*: On last Tuesday the election in Rutherfordton resulted in the establishing of a dispensary.

— Lumberton *Robesonian:* Norton and White, who killed Jesse Tolar near Red Springs on Monday morning of last week, are in jail here to await their trial at court.

—Statesville *Landmark*: In Statesville Saturday afternoon Hayes Matthews, colored, shot Tom Stevenson, colored, three times, from the effects of which Stevenson died in a few minutes. Matthews is in jail. The shooting took place near the court house, in the most public part of town and in the presence of a large number of people. The trouble between the two men, which had such a tragic ending, originated in a dispute over a base ball game.

— Winston *Sentinel*: A car-load of sheep, billed to a party in Richmond, passed through the city Saturday evening. They were shipped by J. R. Reece, of Ashe county. —— A cabinet maker in Davidson county sold out his stock of goods (including one coffin) not long since. The coffin was offered at a reduced price. A countryman came in, laid down in the "box," got up and remarked that it was a "pretty close fit"—but he liked it and bought it, saying he proposed to keep it for his own burial.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Another supposed dark crime is added to many in Yancey county. Mr. William Davis, a dealer in logs and lumber, was found dead in a mill pond in Yancey Monday morning. The body was so badly decomposed and mutilated by fish as to make it impossible to tell whether he died from drowning or was killed. Mr. Davis was known as a sober, quiet and inoffensive citizen, and if he was murdered, it must have been for the purpose of robbery, for he had no known enemies.

THE GHOST WALKS FOR WILLIAM.

A Considerable Procession When the Kaiser's Salary Is Taken to Him.

Emperor William receives his salary quarterly in advance. The money is thrice counted by different functionaries at the national treasury and is afterward placed in a number of strong boxes and carried to the royal mail wagon waiting at the door between a troop of mounted gendarmes. After the load has been placed in the vehicle the ministers of finance of the empire and of the kingdom place the seals of their respective offices upon the door and accompany the minister of the royal household in his carriage to the palace, the mail wagon with its escort of gendarmes following immediately behind. Not until the money is actually deposited in the vaults of Emperor William's Berlin palace does the minister of the household sign the receipts, which are made out in the name of "Wilhelm Rex" and "William Imperator" respectively, one-half of the sum being derived from the treasury of the kingdom of Prussia and the other from the treasury of the German empire.

Two days afterward the court functionaries receive their pay, but although the emperor receives his salary in advance not one of the employees is similarly favored, so that the emperor is practically always three months behind in the pay list of his household. The only exception which the emperor makes is in favor of his consort, whose personal allowance of $250,000 per annum is paid to her quarterly in advance.

At no great court in Europe are the salaries so low as at that of Berlin, the so called great dignitaries having to satisfy themselves with a pittance of $2,000 a year, while the minister himself receives but $3,000. This is not surprising when the enormous number of persons who figure on the payroll is taken into consideration. For instance, there are no less than 500 housemaids and 1,800 liveried footmen. Every servant, high or low, is entitled to a pension after working in the royal household for 20 years.

Over and beyond the civil list received by the emperor from the treasury of the empire and that of the kingdom he draws from the war department full salaries for the different military commands he assumes. As commander in chief of the army he is continually appointing himself colonel in chief of this or that regiment, which has thereupon the right to style itself the "leib" or body regiment of his majesty. Whenever one reads in the gazette that he has thus honored a regiment in the army, one may take it for granted that it entails an addition to his income in the shape of a colonel's pay and allowances. Inasmuch as at the present moment he holds the coloneley of some 50 different regiments, it will readily be seen that this constitutes no inconsiderable addition to his income, all the more as the colonelcies carry with them forage allowances for about 200 horses.

Out of this civil list the emperor is expected to pay the allowances of the various members of his family. But this is not a heavy drain on his purse. His brother, Prince Henry, and his brother-in-law, Prince Frederick Leopold, have each inherited immense private fortunes and are practically independent of any allowance, while the only other princes of his house, Prince Albert of Brunswick, the crazy Prince Alexander and the eccentric yet talented Prince George, all three elderly men, are exceedingly wealthy. Indeed, they figure among the richest princes of the blood in Europe.—Chicago Record.

Evils of Education.

"Yes," exclaimed the elephant bitterly, "they have gone and educated my wife to almost human intelligence, and now she doesn't know how to get along with one trunk any more."—Detroit Tribune.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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A STOLEN PIE.

John Driscoll had not tasted food for 48 hours. He was absolutely penniless. As he walked up Fifth avenue, clad in a fashionable suit of clothes, with a shiny silk hat on his head, few people could suspect that he was suffering for want of food.

He pursued his course up Fifth avenue and finally reached Central park.

Weak and faint, but still maintaining an indifferent mien, he entered the park. He strolled along its shady lanes, pausing at some water fountain to quench his thirst.

He sat down at intervals and rested his weak limbs, but the act of sitting seemed to remind him more of his hunger.

It is a hard trial for a young, vigorous and healthy man to go for any great length of time without food, and especially so in a rich, populous city. If he had been dressed in rags, he would have begged, but it was utterly impossible for him to do that with his present appearance.

After awhile he found himself in a very secluded part of the park. He seated himself on a bench by the lake. The birds were gayly singing overhead, there was a fragrant scent of flowers in the air, the waters were rippling and sparkling, and the swans and ducks were disporting themselves on the breast of the lake. The sounds of childish laughter and merry shouts were wafted to his ears. He felt moody and despondent; he wished he were a swan or duck, or bird—in fact, anything but a human being. He cursed fate; he cursed everything. "My God," he thought, "how I would like a morsel of food!" He felt like committing a robbery, a murder, any crime at all, only something that would bring him food.

A light footstep near him aroused him from his reverie. There before him stood a fat, chubby, rosy cheeked little child, gazing at him with wide, staring eyes. In his plump little hands he held a large homemade pie.

Driscoll started up. The sight of that pie was most tantalizing in its effect upon him. How he would like to eat it!

There was no one in the immediate vicinity, no one to observe him. The child was fat and well fed, and he (Driscoll) was starving.

He arose and approached the child. "My little man," said he, smiling as graciously as it was possible for him to do, "come here."

"What have you there, my dear?" said Driscoll, "pie?"

"Eth, thir," lisped the little one.

"Let me see it, baby," he said, but the little one shook his head and held the pie behind his back.

"Come," said Driscoll, "won't baby let me see its pie?"

The child gravely gave a negative shake of the head.

"Please let uncle see it," said Driscoll coaxingly and at the same time making an effort to take it.

"No, no; me 'ants it," said baby.

"Let me have it," said Driscoll impatiently.

The little one made a movement as though to run away.

Tired of importuning the baby and fearful lest its mother or nurse should appear and spoil his opportunity, he suddenly bent his face close to that of the child. Assuming the most diabolical and forbidding expression it was possible for him to do, he hissed out, "Give me that pie; give me that pie quick, or I'll murder and eat you, quick!"

The child gave a terrified scream, let the pie drop at Driscoll's feet and scampered down a side path as rapidly as his short little legs could travel. Driscoll quickly picked the pie up, held it in one hand, which he placed in the breast of his coat, and sauntered nonchalantly away. In a few moments he heard in the rear of him the little child: "There he goes nussey; there he goes, nussey. He got my pie."

"Nonsense, child," said a female voice, "that gentleman did not take it. It was some one else."

The child persisted in his statement, but the nurse refused to believe it, and meanwhile Driscoll had passed beyond hearing.

He wanted to find some quiet spot where, unmolested, he could eat his stolen pie, but everywhere he went he found one or more persons. At length he reached a very secluded out of the way corner, and, sitting himself on the grass, drew forth his precious pie.

The ridiculousness of the thing now struck him, and he burst into a hearty peal of laughter. He held the pie at arm's length and looked at it. He was just about to place it to his mouth; but, alas and alack, "there is many a slip 'twixt cup and lip!" A great, large Newfoundland dog at this juncture jumped from a clump of bushes, snatched the pie from his hands and bounded swiftly away.

Poor Driscoll! All the merriment fled from his heart at once. His pie was gone. I am afraid he gave vent to his feelings in rather more profane language than it would be well to record here.

"Fate is against me," he sadly muttered as he arose to his feet and walked away.

"My God," he thought, "have I got to starve to death surrounded by plenty? It is pretty hard. Well, I will hold up as long as I have strength, only it is a hard death."

When he turned out of the park, it was well along in the afternoon. He wandered aimlessly along the streets, scarcely knowing in which direction he was going.

As he passed a certain house he heard a childish voice in his rear exclaim, "Papa, papa, there is the man that took my pie!"

Turning, he beheld the identical little child whose pie he had taken clinging to the hand of a gentleman, evidently just returning from business.

The gentleman's face seemed familiar, and no sooner had he scanned Driscoll's countenance than he cried out, "John Driscoll, how are you?" and at the same time held out his hand for the other to take. This Driscoll did, and as remembrances came to his brain he recollected an old college chum and a warm friend. "Charley Vaughn," he cried, "I am delighted to see you."

It was a particularly happy meeting for Driscoll. After some conversation Vaughn invited him in, and ere long Driscoll related the whole story of the pie over a glass of wine. Vaughn was immensely amused.

He insisted upon Driscoll remaining with him until certain remittances arrived and loaned him a sum of money to tide him over his present difficulties.

As Driscoll remarked, however, it was a fortunate and opportune theft for him to rob Vaughn's child of the pie.—Edward B. Hunt in Cincinnati Post.

The Wrong Girl.

"There is such a lovely story in this week's Companion about a man proposing to the wrong girl," said the young lady boarder.

"Any girl is the wrong girl for a man to propose to," growled the bachelor, but no one paid any attention to him. It was just what they expected.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Prescription.

The young woman who takes music lessons and practices scales had announced to her friends that she was going away.

"Isn't it rather a sudden determination?"

"Yes. It's the doctor's orders."

"Why, you don't look the least bit ill."

"Oh, I'm perfectly well. Auntie is the one who is sick."—Washington Star.

Patents In England.

The British government makes no examination to determine the validity of a device for which a patent is asked, but takes it for granted that every invention is new and grants a patent to every applicant, leaving his claim, if contested, to be subsequently determined by the courts.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at R R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church South:

Brunswick, at New Hope, May 14.
Grace church, May 16.
Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R C, BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from the first dose, and half-dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

— Fox—Didn't you say this was a handbook?

Knox—I did, and so it is.

Fox—Funny. More than half the space seems to be taken up with foot notes—*Boston Courier.*

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ꝑ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ꝑ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ꝑ ℔	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ꝑ ℔		@	5½
Shoulders ꝑ ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ꝑ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ꝑ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ꝑ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	39	@	42½
Virginia Meal	33	@	42½
COTTON TIES—ꝑ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—ꝑ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—ꝑ ℔—			
Northern Factory	12	@	13½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
State		@	10
COFFEE—ꝑ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	9½	@	15
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ꝑ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ꝑ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—ꝑ dozen	8	@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ꝑ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ꝑ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ꝑ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ꝑ half-barrel	8 00	@	[illegible] 00
Mackerel, No 3, ꝑ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ꝑ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ꝑ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N C. Roe Herring, ꝑ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ꝑ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—ꝑ barrel—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 60	@	5 00
First Patent	5 50	@	5 75
GLUE—ꝑ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	45	@	42½
Car load, in bags—White	42½	@	45
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	43½	@	45
Cow Peas	80	@	90
HIDES, ꝑ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ꝑ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ꝑ ℔		@	2
LARD, ꝑ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ꝑ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ꝑ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ꝑ gallon—			
Barbados, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	29
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ꝑ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ꝑ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ꝑ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ꝑ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ꝑ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ꝑ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	4⅞
Standard A		@	4⅝
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C. Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ꝑ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ꝑ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ꝑ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
ꝑ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ꝑ ℔	4	@	
WHISKEY, ꝑ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE May 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Nothing doing.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market dull; $1.20 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 24, 23½c; rosin dull, $1 40, 1.45; tar dull, $1 10; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, 1.70, 1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	71
Rosin	331
Tar	310
Crude Turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year—130 casks spirits turpentine, 405 bbls rosin, 209 bbls tar, 36 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7½c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅛	cts ꝑ ℔
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7½	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—5 bales; same day last year 101.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per ct. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487½ for demand, 486¼@486½ for sixty days. Posted rates 487@487½ and 488@489. Commercial bills 485½. Silver certificates 60½@61. Government bonds firmer; fives, registered, 113; fives, coupon, 113; fours registered, 111½, fours, coupon, 112; twos, registered, 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 125; North Carolina fours 101. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 65. Spirits turpentine dull at 28¼@29c.

CHARLESTON, May 12.—Spirits turpentine nominal at 25¼c; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations: B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 65, N $1 75, W G $1 85, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, May 12.—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 25¼@25½c, with sales of 255 casks at 25¼c, and closed firm at 25¼c, with sales of 110 casks: receipts 1,564 casks. Rosin firm, sales of 2,247 barrels; receipts 4,034 barrels; A, B, C, $1 35, D $1 40, E $1 45, F $1 50, G $1 55, H $1 60, I $1 65, K $1 75, M $1 85, N $1 90, W G $2 10, W W $2 35.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The cotton market showed considerable irregularity to day, selling off in the afternoon but rallying partially later in the session, with the market finally steady at a net decline of 1@5 points. The early weakness in cotton was due primarily to very disappointing cables from Liverpool in view of the advance that took place in our market yesterday afternoon. At the same time crop accounts, while more or less conflicting, had a bearish average during the forenoon. Later in the session there was some rally on less favorable weather predictions, pointing to indications of showers all over the cotton belt within the next twenty-four hours. Much of the time June and July contracts held a firm relation to the general market, owing to continued interest shown by American spinners and exporters in spot cotton. During the afternoon buying on Southern orders was a feature, while room traders met the demand without hesitation. At the weakest interval the market to-day showed a net loss of 4@7 points.

NEW YORK, May 12—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7¾c.

Cotton futures closed steady; sales 87,500 bales; January 6 89, February 6 93, March 6 97, May 7 41, June 7 43, July 7 45, August 7 39, September 7 05, October 6 83, November 6 82, December 6 85.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 667 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,555 bales; to France 1,992 bales; to the Continent 4 461 bales; forwarded 17 bales; sales 2,913 bales; sales to spinners 719 bales; stock (actual) 174,823 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 6,688 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,986 bales; to France 1,992 bales; to the Continent 9,767 bales; stock 432,656 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 25 748 bales; exports to Great Britain 16,030 bales; to France 4,270 bales; to the Continent 28,572 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,518 941 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,901,970 bales; exports to France 692 763 bales; exports to the Continent 1,953,183 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

May 12.—Galveston, steady at 7¼. net receipts 793 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 451 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 7 13-16, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 7¾, net receipts 128 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7½, net receipts 5 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8, net receipts 37 bales; Savannah, dull at 7 7-16, net receipts 1,576 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 9-16, net receipts 282 bales; Mobile, nominal at 7 5-16, net receipts 66 bales; Memphis, quiet at 7⅝, net receipts 59 bales; Augusta, dull at 7¾, net receipts 83 bales; Charleston, firm at 7⅜, net receipts 498 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 12—Evening.—Flour was firm and generally held above buyers' views; winter patents $4 60@4 90. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 1 Northern New York 84¼c afloat; No. 2 hard New York 81¾c afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 85½c afloat; options opened steady advanced sharply on active foreign buying, higher cables and bad Illinois and California reports, giving way in the afternoon to general realizing, small, clearances and short selling, closed unchanged to ¼c net advance; No. 2 red May 81¾@82¾c, closed at 82c; July 79@80¼c, closed at 79¼c, September 75¼@76⅜c, closed at 75¾c; December 76¾@77⅜c, closed 76¾c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 30½c at elevator and 31½c afloat; options opened steady and advanced on rains West, but finally broke with wheat and closed unchanged; May 30@30½c, closed at 30c; July 30 13-16@31 1-16c; September 32¼c, closed at 32c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2 23c; No. 2 delivered at 24c; options steady, but later sold off and closed partially ¼c lower; May 22¾@23, closed at 22¾c; July 22¾@23c, closed at 22¾c Lard easier and dull; Western steam $4 20 asked; May closed at $4 20, nominal; refined lard steady; Continent $4 50; South American $5 00; compound $4 00@4 25. Pork quiet; mess $8 75@9 50; short clear $9 25@10 50; family $9 50@10 50. Butter steady; Western creamery 12@15c; do. factory 8@11c; Elgins 15c; imitation creamery 10@13; State dairy 11@14c; do. creamery 12@15. Cheese steady; State large 9¼@10c; small 10¼@11¼c; part skims 4@8c; full skims 2¼@3c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 10¼@11; Western fresh 10¼@10½c; Southern 9@9¼c. Tallow dull; city ($2 package) 3 1-16@3¼c; country (package free) 3 3-16@3¼c. Petroleum dull. Rice steady. Molasses steady. Peanuts easy, freights to Liverpool dull and weak. Cabbages per crate $1 00@1 50. Tomatoes per carrier $1 50@2 00 Potatoes easy; Southern $4 60@5 50; New York 95c@$1 25. Coffee—Spot Rio dull and weak; No 7 invoice 8c; No.7 jobbing 8¼c; mild quiet and steady; Cordova 11¼@13¾c. Sugar—raw firm; sales 5 346 bags centrifugal in port on a basis of 96 test at 3 5 16c apart from store; 1,000 bags Muscavado 89 test 2¾c; molasses sugar 89 test 2⅝c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, May 12—Wheat bulls had a strong inning to day, lasting about an hour and then the bears went in and were still batting in an irresolute way at the close, the score standing ⅛c in their favor at the call of time. Crop damage reports caused the early strength and realizing was the principal reason for the decline. Corn was a shade easier and ⅛c lower in the end. Oats also lost a trifle, but averaged firm. Provisions were rather weak, but the changes in prices were in the end very slight.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Cash quotations: Flour was firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring 74¼c; No 3 spring 70@74¼c; No. 2 red 91⅝c. Corn—No 2, 24¼@24¾c. Oats—No. 2 18¼c; No. 2 white free on board 22¾@24c; No. 3 white free on board 21@23c. Mess pork, per barrel $8 62½@8 65. Lard, per 100 lbs $3 92½@3 95. Short rib sides, loose. $4 60@4 80. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 25@5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 00@5 12½. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—May 74¾, 75¾, 74⅝, 74⅝c; July 73⅜, 74¾, 73, 73⅜; September 69¼, 70⅜, 69¼, 69⅜c. Corn—May 24¾, 24¾, 24¼, 24¼c; July 25⅞, 25¼, 25½, 25½; September 26¼, 26¾, 26¼, 26¾. Oats—No 2 May 18, 18⅜, 18, 18, July 18½, 18½, 18 18½; September 18¾, 18¾, 18¼, 18⅜c. Mess pork—May closed at $8 62½; July $8 57½, 8 67½, 8 57½, 8 65; September closed at $8 67½. Lard—May closed at $3 92½; July $4 00, 4 00, 3 95, 3 97½; September $4 10, 4 10, 4 05 4 07½. Short ribs—May $4 65, 4 65, 4 67½, 4 65; July $4 65, 4 67½, 4 62½, 4 67½; September $4 67½, 4 70, 4 67½, 4 70.

BALTIMORE, May 12.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat inactive and higher; spot and month 81¼@81⅜c; July 77c asked; August 75⅜c asked; Southern by sample 87@88c. Corn strong; spot and month 30¼@30½c; June 29⅞@30c; July 30@30¼c; Southern white 33c; do yellow 31c. Oats firm and demand good; No. 2 white 26@27c; No. 2 mixed 23½@24c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, May 12.—4 P. M.—Cotton—spot quiet and prices unchanged. American middling 4 7-32d. Sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 7,200 American. Receipts 2,000 bales, of which 100 were American. Futures opened steady with a moderate demand, and closed easy at the decline. American middling (l. m. c.): May 4 7-64@4 8 64d buyer; May and June 4 6 64@4 7-64d buyer; June and July 4 5 64@4 6 64d buyer; July and August 4 4 64@4 5-64d buyer; August and September 4 1-64d buyer; September and October 3 57-64d buyer; October and November 3 50 64@3 51-64d buyer; November and December 3 48-64@3 49-64d buyer; December and January 3 47 64@3 48 64d seller; January and February 3 47-64@3 48 64d seller; February and March 3 48-64d seller.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Stmr Pawnee, Chichester, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

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Robert W Dasey, 339 tons, Hunter, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

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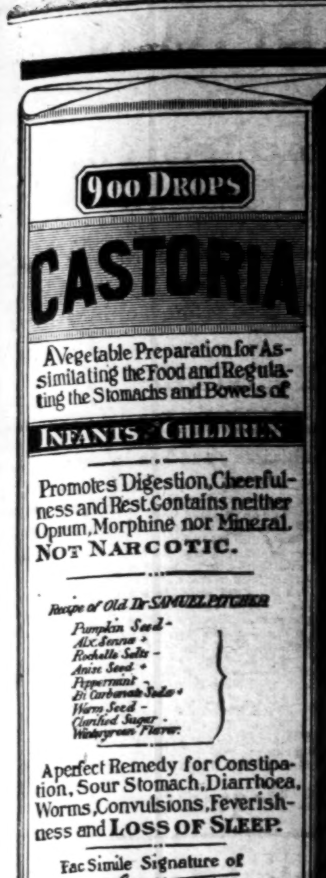

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Remember you can have your Choice of any Bicycle of American Manufacture.

THE OFFER IN DETAIL.

Any person desiring to undertake the work of securing 100 subscribers should notify THE NEW YORK TIMES, and full instructions and blanks will be furnished. Under no circumstances will a subscription be accepted as making up the number required of any person who has been a regular reader of THE NEW YORK TIMES since Jan. 1, 1897. All lists will be investigated, and if it is found they include the name of any person who has recently been a regular reader, that subscription will not be accepted to make up the list of 100.

It is distinctly understood that all lists of names are subject to verification. All copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES ordered under this plan must be delivered where THE TIMES has not heretofore been received. The offer is intended solely for new subscriptions, and orders from present regular readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES will, under no circumstances, be accepted in making up the required number.

Orders for the delivery of two copies to the same address will not be accepted as two new subscribers. The purpose of THE TIMES is to obtain a wider distribution of its issues in homes where it has not heretofore been delivered.

PLAN OF WORK.

Make up a list of your relatives, friends and acquaintances, only those to whom you are well known. Give their full name and Post Office addresses. When you have the number, write or send to THE NEW YORK TIMES office for that number of letter circulars and subscription blanks. Address and sign the letter circulars inclosing addressed envelope for reply, (THE NEW YORK TIMES will supply them.) Send the signed and addressed letter circulars to THE NEW YORK TIMES, and they will be mailed without cost to you; if you mail them yourself you must affix to each letter a two-cent stamp. By this means you may, without calling in person on your friends, earn your choice of any one-hundred-dollar bicycle.

It is necessary, of course, in order to successfully participate in this work, to have an adequate conception of what kind of a newspaper THE NEW YORK TIMES is. If you are not a reader of THE TIMES, secure a copy, read it carefully, and thus become acquainted with its merits. You will see that THE NEW TIMES is a decent, dignified, enterprising, first-class newspaper. It has always maintained a high standard; it has always stood for what is best in the community; it is not sensational; perpetrates no fakes, and is free of "freaks;" it presents what occurs promptly, fully, and in a manner to interest intelligent men and women. To be seen reading THE NEW YORK TIMES is a stamp of culture and respectability. The story is told of a young man who, when applying for a situation, and asked for reference by his prospective employer, answered simply, "I read THE NEW YORK TIMES." He was accepted in employment at once on the theory that reading a newspaper of the quality of THE NEW YORK TIMES is a certificate of good character.

A FEW FACTS.

A large part of the population of Greater New York consists of men and women of culture and education who scrupulously exclude from their homes sensational newspapers. They want a pure, wholesome newspaper, which, while progressive and entertaining does not defile its pages by repulsive details of scandals and horrible accounts of crime. There is a growing revolt against those newspapers which pander to the depraved, and which inflame the minds of the weakminded and unthinking by overdrawn tales of vice and immorality. The best men in the community are calling halt on this vicious tendency, and THE NEW YORK TIMES is daily pointed to as an example of what a self-respecting, modern newspaper should be. Secure a copy of the Saturday edition and observe the Supplement, devoted to a review of books and art. Show this to your friends who are readers of the best literature, and they will be interested at once in the attractive contents of this feature. The illustrated Magazine Supplement which accompanies the Sunday edition is a gem of art and literature. It compares favorably with the best ten-cent magazines. A knowledge of these facts will enable you to properly present the merits of THE NEW YORK TIMES to prospective subscribers.

Things worth having are not easily obtained. It requires earnest effort and untiring persistence to secure 100 subscribers and you may find for the first day or two that the effort is not so easy as you may imagine, but perseverance will surely bring success.

If you desire additional information, write to THE TIMES. All questions will be cheerfully answered. This is a rare opportunity to secure your choice of any of the best one-hundred-dollar bicycles. Sample copies of THE TIMES sent free upon application. Address THE NEW YORK TIMES,
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MIDY

LINES TO A BLOTTING PAD.

Thou kindly porous plaster for the ills
Occasioned by the ink a poet spills,
Absorb unto thyself his many faults
And sponge his verse where rhyme or rhythm halts!
Yet lest perchance thy too retentive touch
Appropriate in passing overmuch,
Pray leave a trace of what he would imply
Were thought but free and ink allowed to dry,
In former times they sprinkled out the sand
To sweep it off and let the writing stand,
While nowadays a line is hardly writ
Ere we regret and seek to alter it
And spend in emendation so much pains
That scarce an inkling of the truth remains.
So for the nonce let my poor pen run free
And leave recorded whatso'er it be.
Grant it expression for a final line,
And all that went before is gladly thine.
Then will this postscript yet suffice to show,
"I'll love sweet Alice long as ink shall flow."
—W. D. Ellwanger in Bookman.

PRECEDENCE IN ENGLAND.

The Red Tape That Rules the Position of Women at Table.

To Americans the great question of precedence at formal English dinners presents a humorous aspect, but to our transatlantic cousins it is deeply serious. Many an English girl thinks it worth while to be miserable all her life if she may lead the way to the festal board. Here is the table of rank in its proper order, which she must have engraved upon the fleshy tablets of her heart, complicated, moreover, with exact knowledge as to which of two baronets or earls is of the earlier "creation." It is recommended to the devout study of future American countesses or duchesses:

The queen.
Daughters of the queen.
Wives of the queen's sons.
Wives of the queen's brothers.
Wives of the queen's uncles.
Wives of the eldest sons of dukes of the royal blood.
Daughters of dukes of the royal blood.
Wives of the king's or queen's nephews.
Duchesses.
Marchionesses.
Wives of the eldest sons of dukes.
Daughters of dukes.
Countesses.
Wives of the eldest sons of marquises.
Daughters of marquises.
Wives of the younger sons of dukes.
Viscountesses.
Wives of the eldest sons of earls.
Daughters of earls.
Wives of the younger sons of marquises.
Baronesses.
Wives of the eldest sons of viscounts.
Daughters of viscounts.
Wives of the younger sons of earls.
Wives of the eldest sons of barons.
Maids of honor.
Wives of the younger sons of viscounts.
Wives of the younger sons of barons.
Wives of baronets.
Wives of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of younger Knights Grand Crosses of the Bath.
Wives of Knights Commanders of the Bath.
Wives of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of the eldest sons of the younger sons of peers.
Wives of the eldest sons of baronets.
Daughters of baronets.
Wives of the eldest sons of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of the eldest sons of Knights of the Bath.
Daughters of Knights of the Bath.
Wives of the eldest sons of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of the younger sons of baronets.
Daughters of knights.
Wives of companions of the Order of the Bath.
Wives of the esquires of the king's body.
Wives of the esquires of the Knights of the Bath.
Wives of esquires by creation.
Wives of esquires by office.
Wives of the younger sons of Knights of the Garter.
Wives of the younger sons of Knights of the Bath.
Wives of the younger sons of Knights Bachelors.
Wives of gentlemen entitled to bear arms.
Daughters of esquires entitled to bear arms.
Daughters of gentlemen entitled to bear arms.
Wives of citizens.
Wives of burgesses.
—Philadelphia Ledger.

Is Burglary a Science?

The modern burglar is a scientist and inventor in his way. Recently a new era in safe breaking and other branches of the cracksman's art has opened, and the famous jimmy, so long rampant on the successful burglar's coat of arms, is to be superseded by more convenient labor saving tools.

In Marseilles the other day a gang of ingenious cracksmen entered a banker's office armed with a steel saw of the newest construction and a handy little gas engine. There was no need for the exercise of muscle, nor was there any necessity for a good strong wrist at the saw, as there was at one time in the annals of famous robberies.

The little engine was started, the saw put in the proper place and the connections made. Seating themselves serenely upon a couple of chairs near at hand, these modern burglars watched the true and rapid work of their appliances.

The big safe might have resisted for hours the force of human hands, but the saw, impelled by the engine, it could not stand against. The stout iron safe promptly yielded up its contents of over £600 worth of gold and bonds, and in a quarter of the time it would have taken to have committed the robbery under the old conditions the burglars were well out of the building with their booty.—Pearson's Weekly.

Horses and Roads.

On metal rails, in the most favorable condition and smooth from use, a horse can draw 1⅔ times as much as on the best asphalt pavement, 3⅓ times as much as on good Belgian blocks, 5 times as much as on ordinary Belgian blocks, 7 times as much as on good cobblestone, 13 times as much as on ordinary cobblestone, 20 times as much as on an earth road and 40 times as much as on sand.

Brown sugar, according to its degree of dampness, will weigh from a pound to a pound and a quarter. When dry, its weight is almost exactly a pound.

SLEEPING WITH BABY

WHEN DOING SO MOTHERS MUST BE CAREFUL IN BREATHING.

Air That Has Passed Through the Lungs Is Full of Impure Gases and Poisonous Waste Substances—Nor Must Little Babies Be Kissed by Any One.

What is that everybody wants, says the conundrum, everybody asks for, everybody gives and nobody takes? And the answer is, Advice. But there is one class to whom this does not apply, and that is the noble army of mothers. They want advice, they ask for it, and they take it gladly. What shall we do for the children? How shall we best care for the babies? These are the great questions and near to every true woman's heart.

To keep the baby well and strong perhaps the great essential is calm and deep sleep. If the little one rests well at night, its chances of health are always good.

The books say: Give the baby a cool bath and put it to sleep by itself. Never let a little child remain in bed at night with another person, not even its mother. That is what the books say, books written by men who know a good deal about babies, but not everything. Some of us have never been able to believe that this is quite right. The human mother is the only animal that puts its young away from it during the hours of darkness. Little chickens sleep under their mother's wing. The cat and her kittens resolve themselves into a furry mass for their night's rest, and all the animals of the forest are equally tender and near to their offspring. It must be remembered, however, that our humble cousins, the cat, the hen, the lioness, etc., are very sensible mothers, and that by considering their ways we, too, may become wise and learn how and why we should have our little ones near us at night.

In the first place, great care must be taken to secure air that is pure for the baby to breathe. It must not be contaminated in any way, not even by the mother's breath. Air that has been drawn into the lungs and forced out again is full of poison. Not only does it contain impure gases—as carbonic acid gas—but a pernicious waste substance similar in quality to snake poison. Sufficient quantities of these noxious materials will cause death, as in the Black Hole of Calcutta, or the crowded Scandinavian ballroom where merrymakers danced in a low, unventilated space till they fell fainting and dying, their revels and their life ending at the same time. These are extreme cases, yet unseen poison lurks in the breath of every one—poison in minute quantities.

So let the mother turn her face away, keeping the baby within range of her comforting maternal hand, but out of reach of all waves of exhaled air from her own lungs. A good place for a small infant at night is on a hair pillow a little above the level of the mother's head, or perhaps down toward the foot of the bed.

An enterprising woman whose family was large and house small contrived an ingenious method of raising the baby above the poison level. A clothesbasket about three feet long was fitted up with hair mattress and appropriate furnishings and suspended from the ceiling at the spot most accessible to the mother at night, midway between the middle and foot of the bed, and drawn up and down by pulleys as occasion required. This fulfilled every condition of health and economy of space. Impure air, when first exhaled from the lungs, rises, because it is warm, and when cooled falls to the lower part of the room. The most poisonous region, then, is toward the floor. In giving some good advice concerning the breath of life, —which is pure air—Charles Kingsley says in substance, in speaking of the very poor of England: "Dissuade them from selling their beds under the stress of poverty. Let them sell the mattress if they will, but not the bedstead that holds them up above the polluted atmosphere near the floor."

Thus it will be perceived that the old fashioned trundle bed, though convenient, is not without danger. A baby will sleep peacefully in a crib close to its mother's bed when it will toss with restless cries in some distant part of the room. Children are but fractions of their parents, and if ever they are to become whole numbers they need all the spiritual aids that loving contact and the brooding presence of the mother can give.

Aside from the normal poisons that exist in air breathed out from the lungs others may go with it that are especially injurious to the sensitive lining of the nose, eye and mouth—to what is called the mucous membrane. Little invisible particles may thus be absorbed by a sleeping infant and its own mother become a source of danger. Imperfect teeth, inferior digestion, catarrhal conditions of the air passages, and various infectious disorders destroy the purity of the breath and render it full of possible disaster to the highly sensitive, of whom infants are the chief. It is common to say that certain things are not contagious, and they are not, where sunshine, free ventilation and healthy children are. One or all of the factors may be absent, and these simple conditions of innocent disease may be passed on, forming just the right soil for more things, as diphtheria or scarlet fever, later. The burden of the song in the little street game is the admonition forwarded to the girl who stands in the centre by her true love:

"He sent you a message to turn back your head."

And knowledge, who loves mothers best and always, goes more than half way to meet them, reiterates the wisdom of Green Basil.

And how about kisses? Are we not to kiss our own babies? No, dear mothers, not when they are very little and if you really love them. Kisses are for childhood and for all the other years of life. Children need kisses, millions of them, and thousands of hugs and pattings and pettings. But infants are too frail and tender, too easily poisoned, for such tempting demonstrations. They need an atmosphere that is calm and steady and full of perfect peace. Blue Eyes was 7 months old before her fond mother permitted herself the luxury of even the most rose leaf touch of her own lips upon the baby's soft cheek. The little hands and feet may be kissed, but not the face. And if the mother must thus deny herself it is imperative that friends and strangers be equally restrained.—Dr. Louise Fiske Bryson in New York World.

SATISFACTORY TO HIM.

An Argument Terminated Without the Defeat of Either Side.

The young man who always wears a Prince Albert coat and never seems to enjoy himself was talking to a bright young woman of this city. The bicycle was the theme of conversation.

"No," said the young man, "I do not approve of women's learning to ride the wheel."

"I don't see why."

"Because it's just a passing whim. It's a diversion which will go out of vogue just as other crazes have done. And then what have you gained by all this expenditure of time and money?"

"But I don't see, Mr. Slimmins, what reason you can have for regarding the bicycle as a mere fad."

"My reason is the disfavor toward it that is already appearing. Where everybody was once talking about its being good exercise people are coming out and denouncing it. Bicycles are being more abused every day. Don't you agree with me?"

"Of course I shouldn't think of quarreling with you, Mr. Slimmins, and I will admit one thing."

"What is that?"

"There never was a time when bicycles were sat down upon by so many people."

And the young man in the Prince Albert coat smiled a self satisfied smile and said that was exactly the point he was trying to make.—Washington Star.

Georgia enjoys the complimentary sobriquet of the Empire State of the South from the fact of its natural wealth and superior advantages in industrial and manufacturing lines.

Have I done anything for society? I have then done more for myself. Let that truth be always present to thy mind and work without cessation.—Simms.

In Holland the average rate of wages for skilled laborers of every description is from 8 cents to 10 cents an hour.

"Fluffing."

"Fluffing" is the slang, or shall we rather say technical term (it sounds so much better), for a well known effect of the mechanical influence which very long runs sometimes have on actors and actresses in the repetition night after night of their roles. Here are two amusing examples of the kind: When Miss Fanny Coleman was exciting Londoners to mirth by her excellent comedy acting as the Duchess of Berwick in "Lady Windermere's Fan," she one night added unwittingly to the humor of her performance by the following transposition of words. In the first act the duchess, who is about to confide to Lady Windermere's married son a piece of scandal in which her daughter is too young to participate, ought to say: "Agatha, darling, go and sit on the balcony and look at the sunset. The dear child is so fond of sunsets!" Whereas Miss Coleman, with unctuous gravity, rolled out the words: "Agatha, darling, go and sit on the sunset and look at the balcony. The dear child is so fond of"— Of what, indeed? But as consciousness of the situation dawned upon the actress' face the audience broke into a tumult of good humored applause.

On another occasion, when Miss Marion Terry was giving an order to a stage footman, she gently but firmly commanded him, to the intense amusement of everybody on the stage, to "carry the tent into the buns!"—London Gentlewoman.

The Value of Pure, Cold Water.

Pure, fresh cold water is one of the most valuable disinfectants, inasmuch as it is a powerful absorbent. Every sick room should have a large vessel of clear water, frequently renewed, placed near the bed, or even beneath it. This not only absorbs much of the hurtful vapor, but in its evaporation it softens and tempers the atmosphere, doing away with the dryness which is so trying and depressing to an invalid, or even to persons in health, for that matter. It has frequently been shown by actual experiment that troubled sleep and threatened insomnia are corrected by so simple a thing as the placing of an open bowl of water near the sufferer's head.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

His Experience.

An old Scotchman, on the occasion of his marriage to a young woman of 25, was rallied by some of his friends on the disparity between his age and that of his bride.

"Aweel," he responded tranquilly, "she will be near me to close my een."

"It may be," remarked an old neighbor sententiously, "but I've had twa wives, and they opened my een."—Youth's Companion.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

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Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

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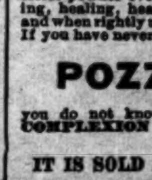

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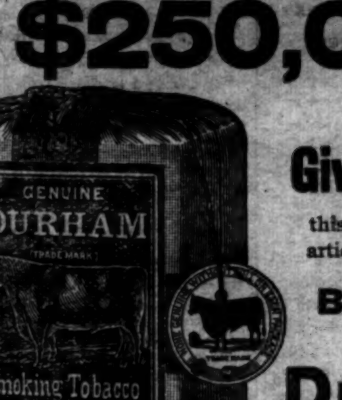

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☞ Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

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W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

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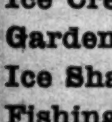
D. O'Connor,



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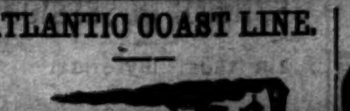


SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 4, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.25 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.32 p m, Chadbourn 5.04 p m, Marion 6.05 p m, Florence 6.45 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.41 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 7.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.25 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 9.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5.38 p m, arrives Dillon 5.55 p m, Latta 6.09 p m, Pee Dee 6.30 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.25 p m, Chadbourn 5.20 p m, arrive Hub 6.00 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.27 p m, arrive Florence 6.55 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 2.50 p m, Smithfield 2.58 p m, Dunn 3.37 p m, Fayetteville 4.15 p m. 1.10 a m, Rowland 5.38 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.30 a m, Creston 5.24 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m, Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

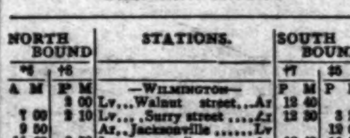
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 4 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND 25
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street ....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar..Jacksonville Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar..Newbern Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains

Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 19	Kinston............	10 22	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 36
6 27	6 42	Morehead City...	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 28, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 11 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 28 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 1[illegible]pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 28am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 [illegible] p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	6 55am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 55am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 05am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 25am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 33am
Arrive Ellenboro	....	12 20pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 44pm

†8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	6 03pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	7 10pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 58 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 35 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 23pm
Leave Hamlet	8 45 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	9 11 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 30 am	....
Leave Lumberton	10 18 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 22pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 11am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 30am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*3 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.

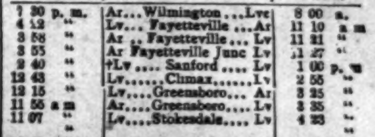
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 4, 1897

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 30 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	8 00 a.
4 12 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	11 10 a m
3 58 "	Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	11 21 "
3 55 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 27 "
2 40 "	†Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 00 p. m
12 43 "	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 55 "
12 15 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	3 25 "
11 55 a m	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 35 "
11 07 "	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	4 23 "
10 32 "	Lv..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 55 "
10 04 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 26 "
8 40 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 50 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 30 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 10 a. m
6 18 "	Lv.......Maxton.....Ar	9 23 "
5 35 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	10 04 "
4 46 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 52 "
4 25 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	11 16

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 05 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
4 30 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 25 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40 "

†MEALS.

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

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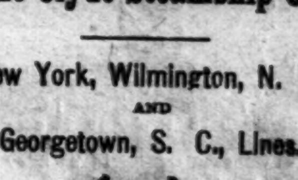

New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE,	Saturday,	May 8
CROATAN,	Saturday,	May 15

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	May 8
PAWNEE,	Saturday,	May 15

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

PAWNEE,	Tuesday,	May 11
CROATAN,	Tuesday,	May 18

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1897

SECOND DAY'S SESSION

Of the American Medico-Psychological Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 12.—The second day's session of the American Medico-Psychological Association in the hall of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty, 847 North Eutaw street, began this morning with a business meeting. Dr. R. M. Bucke, of London, Ont., the vice president, was elected president; Dr. Henry M. Hurd, of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, vice president; Dr. C. B. Burr, of Flint, Mich., secretary and treasurer; Drs. P. L. Murphy, of North Carolina, and S. B. Lyon, of White Plains, N. Y., auditors.

A prolonged discussion took place over minor amendments to the constitution, but all were voted down.

A vote of thanks was given Dr. Hurd for his three-year administration of the office of secretary and treasurer.

Dr. Frank C. Hoyt, of Clarinda, Iowa, read a paper on the use of hyoscine, a drug which, in the opinion of the association, is dangerous and of little worth in insanity.

Dr. R. J. Preston, of Marion, W. Va., spoke of some puzzling cases, and Dr. Ralph L. Parsons, of Greenmont, W. Va., read a paper on hospital records.

The new councillors elected to-day were Dr. Frank C. Hoyt, Clarinda, Iowa; T. J. W. Burgess, Montreal, Que.; M. B. Heyman, New York, and J. W. Brice, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Cheatham's Nomination Will be Confirmed—Boyd Will be Appointed an Assistant Attorney General.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—A favorable report on the nomination of Cheatham, of North Carolina, as Recorder of Deeds for the District of Columbia was made to the Senate in executive session this afternoon from the District Committee. The report was unanimous and no opposition was developed in the Senate. No request was made for action at to-day's session and the nomination went to the calendar in the regular order. It is expected that Cheatham will be confirmed at the next executive session without opposition.

Solicitor of Internal Revenue Hough, of Ohio, has resigned, the resignation being tendered to the President to-day. It was supposed that National Committeeman J. E. Boyd, of North Carolina, would get this place, but by a recent change it has been decided that he should be appointed an assistant attorney general.

Applications for appointments under the Treasury Department have been filed as follows: M. S. Farmer, of Flat Rock, N. C., as auditor for the War Department; W. C. Balch, of Manassas, Va., as deputy auditor for the Interior Department.

N. O. Newberry will be collector of customs at Edenton, N. C.

THE BICYCLE LEAGUE.

Racing Events of the L. A. W.—Chairman Mott's Bulletin.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, May 12.—The weekly bulletin issued by Chairman Motte of the L. A. W. racing board, contains the following:

Applications for national circuit meets will be received for dates between May 21st, at Charlotte, N. C., and June 12th, in St. Louis, Mo.

Travelling permits granted—Fred Schado, Georgetown college, Washington, D. C., to compete at Charlotte, N. C., May 20th and 21st and Rock Hill, S. C., May 25th; Henry P. Thompson, Jacksonville, Fla., at first meet after May 26th, Savannah, Ga.

Transferred to the professional class—Russel Walthour, Atlanta, Ga., (Clause A) George Howard, Youngstown, Clause B)

Suspended—For riding in an unsanctioned race—M. Lyons, University of Virginia, to June 6th.

LYNCHING IN ALABAMA.

Two Negro Girls Hanged for Poisoning a Family in Madison County.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, May 12.—Recently, on two occasions, the Kelly family, living in Madison county, Alabama, have been poisoned. Death followed the first, and the last time eleven persons suffered, but none died. Yesterday two negro girls, Mollie Smith and Mandy White, were arrested and confessed to the poisoning. Between midnight and daylight last night, a number of neighbors took the girls in charge, and this morning their bodies were found swinging to a limb.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

An Important Meeting to Be Held in Charlotte Saturday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 12.—An important meeting of cotton manufacturers will be held here Saturday the 15th instant. It is expected that more than a hundred mills will be represented. The yarn mills making low numbers will probably shut down for sixty days and possibly for the entire Summer. A number of cloth mills are likely to run on short time.

Col. Chipley gained four votes in the ballot for Florida's United States Senator yesterday, the result being: Chipley 40, Stockton 36, Raney 10, Hocker 5, scattering 8. The indications are that Raney will soon retire. In such event Chipley will secure the election.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. New York.

SENATE IN SESSION.

SUGAR TRUST INVESTIGATION RECALLED.

Resolution to Discipline Chapman, the Contumacious Witness, Introduced—Consideration of the Cuban Resolution Will Be Resumed To-day—Sundry Bills Passed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—In the Senate to-day the sugar investigation of 1894 was recalled by the introduction of a resolution by Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, reciting the circumstances of the investigation, the refusal of Elverton R. Chapman to testify, his conviction in the courts as a contumacious witness, and the present efforts toward his pardon. The resolution proposes that Chapman be brought to the bar of the Senate to purge himself of contumacy as a prerequisite to pardon. Mr. Allen sought to secure immediate action on the resolution, but it went over on objections from Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, and Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts. The latter criticised the resolution as giving away the authority of the Senate and said he would propose an amendment with a view to having Chapman punished unless he purged himself of contempt, without reference to the question of pardon. The consideration of the resolution will be in order to-morrow.

Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, made a statement relative to his resolution on Cuba. He said the committee on Foreign Relations at a meeting to-day had considered the question of referring the resolution to the committee and had not reached an agreement. The committee desired, however, that the resolution go over until noon to-morrow with a view to having a statement of facts laid before the Senate at that time. On Mr. Morgan's request the resolution went over until to-morrow.

A resolution by Mr. Butler of North Carolina, Populist, requesting the President for information relative to the sale of the Union Pacific Railroad, was presented and went over.

The Senate then took up the calendar and passed bills as follow: For the relief of certain citizens of Montana claiming the benefits of the homestead laws; granting to Montana 50,000 acres of land in aid of an asylum for the blind; appropriating $174 000 to Charles P. Chouteau for extra work on the ironclad Etlah; appropriating $15 000 for Newberry College, Newberry, S. C., for war losses.

The immigration and the kinetoscope bills were reached but went over on objection.

At 2 o'clock the Senate held an executive session and at 2.40 adjourned.

The Senate committee on foreign relations did not conclude its consideration of the Cuban resolution to-day. It will meet to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, but the sub-committee, consisting of Senators Davis, Foraker and Morgan, which to-day was given more access to the Cuban reports now held at the State Department, probably will ask for further time before submitting their ideas to the full committee. The sub-committee was unable to go through all the reports that have been received from Consul General Lee and other consuls and officers in Cuba.

At the meeting to-morrow it is possible that Senator Morgan will consent to have the resolution now pending in the Senate go over without prejudice until the committee can make its report. It is intended that all the reports of consuls shall be sent to the Senate, but the committee will select certain documents bearing on the condition of affairs in the island and on these make its recommendations and report. This report will generalize the situation without making public such matters as State Department officials and the committee think would be prejudicial to persons on the island.

Some question has arisen as to the effect the report of the committee, or the information at the State Department may have upon the resolution now pending in the Senate. Members of the committee do not express an opinion on the subject, but enough is known to justify the conclusion that instead of weakening the resolution, its friends will find cause for insisting that there is a strong reason for passing it. The object of the foreign relations committee, which has deprecated hasty action and suggested that the resolution be referred to the committee is that the Senate should not act in the premises until there is more information at hand. The opponents of the resolution have declared that the newspaper reports of the condition in Cuba are not based upon facts and are highly exaggerated. Those who have become acquainted with the reports in the State Department are of the opinion that the reports in the press have been in the main correct. One member of the committee who had listened to the summary of the reports in the department said that a very serious condition existed in Cuba and that the inquiry now being made by the committee would result in bringing to light the exact facts.

Mr. Davis says the sympathy with the struggling Cubans is as great as ever. The Republicans of the committee do not feel justified in pushing the administration until it has had time to act. It has been pointed out that only two months have elapsed since the administration came into power, and it has scarcely had time to take up and consider so important a matter as that which has been considered. The pending resolution, unlike a joint resolution, will require the executive either to approve or disapprove of it. This being the case, the Republican Senators feel that they should act in concert with the President. It is not believed that in case the Senate foreign relations committee find upon a thorough examination of the reports in the State Department that the resolution is justified, that any effort will be made to prevent its passage.

Members of the Committee on Foreign Relations feel that the question which confronts the Senate is serious, and any action that is taken by the Senate will have great weight with the administration. In case the resolution should pass both the Senate and the House there is no reason to believe that it would not be approved and that the U. S. Government would thereafter conduct itself on the lines which it lays down.

To-night the sub-committee met Secretary Sherman at the latter's house and had a long conference with him. The suggestion is advanced that the President will be inclined to wait for a report from Mr. Calhoun, who left Saturday for Havana, before making known definitely his views. Mr. Calhoun went to Cuba to investigate the cause attending the death of Dr. Ruiz, but it is believed that the President will expect him to report generally as to affairs on the island so far as his observation goes, and that Mr. Calhoun's conclusions will have some weight in determining the President's action. Assistant Secretary Day, of the State Department, was at the White House to-night and spent some time with the President.

The President has nominated Brigadier General James W. Forsyth to be Major General in the United States Army.

SPRING HUMORS, eruptions, hives, boils, pimples, sores are perfectly and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best Spring Medicine and the True Blood Purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cures sick headache. †

THE WAR SITUATION.

POWERS TRYING TO INDUCE TURKEY TO AGREE TO AN ARMISTICE.

Greek and Turkish Armies Concentrating at Domokos in Anticipation of an Engagement—Russia Peremptorily Demands of Turkey a Cessation of Hostilities—The Greek Government Discontented at the Diplomatic Situation.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 12.—The Ambassadors of the Powers held a prolonged conference to-day, at the close of which they presented to the Turkish Government a collective memorandum proposing an armistice between Turkey and Greece on the basis of the negotiations for peace now in progress through the Powers.

The memorandum, which was presented to Amed Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs, by the dean of the Diplomatic Corps, Baron de Calice, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, enumerates the conditions which have been accepted by Greece and begs the Porte to issue the necessary orders to arrest the progress of the Turkish troops.

ATHENS, May 11.—It is officially announced that the Powers have notified the Greek Government that the Greek troops may leave the island of Crete and that the admirals of the international fleet will release the steamers which have been seized during the blockade.

LONDON, May 12.—The Rome correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says: "I ascertained at the Italian foreign office that Turkey will certainly accede to the request for an armistice and will place herself in the hands of the Powers. The general conditions of indemnity and a strategic rectification of the frontier, upon which Turkey insists, have been already acquiesced in by the Powers. It is probable that the Powers will land additional troops in Crete."

LONDON, May 13.—The *Times* correspondent at Candia says: "It is feared that autonomy will fail to pacify Crete, owing to the opposition of the 20,000 Cretan Mohammedans on the island, who fear that autonomy will end in union with Greece; while the insurgents are still defiant, and actually talk of resisting the departure of the Greek troops."

The correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* at Constantinople says the Sultan resents the mediation of the Powers and desires to negotiate with Greece directly. If this is refused the Turkish demands will be more exacting.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* says he learns on excellent authority that the Turkish Government demands a war indemnity of 3 000,000 pounds and the right to occupy Thessaly until it is paid.

A dispatch to the *Standard* from Constantinople says: In Thessaly the official reports are not favorable. A Turkish reconnoissance in force at Domokos has been repulsed, and the attack on Arta, which promised to be successful, has also resulted in a check. It is believed that Edhem Pasha is developing an outflanking movement with the right and left wings, with a view of rendering the Greek position at Domokos untenable.

The correspondent of the *Times* at Athens says:

"Acute anxiety is felt here because of the absence of any news from Gen. Smolenski's column.

"Owing to the delay in arranging the armistice, the Government has addressed a strong protest to the Powers, declining to bear the responsibility should further bloodshed occur and lead to serious complications.

"As M. Ralli explains to me, the Government is in a serious predicament. In order to secure mediation it has compromised itself in the eyes of both Greeks and Cretans without obtaining a positive guarantee that Turkey will cease hostilities. Should the war be resumed the position of the Government will be most unenviable."

ATHENS, May 12.—The fact that there is no news of renewed fighting must be regarded, as good news but an uneasy feeling exists here.

The Turks are trying to outflank the Greek position at Domokos, and the delay in the Porte's reply is also interpreted to mean that Turkey does not intend to cease hostilities.

Telegrams from the front report that both armies are concentrating in anticipation of an engagement.

The city continues quiet, though it is believed that the numerous Italian volunteers and Socialists now here will endeavor to foment a revolution, leading up to a republic. But the Greeks are devoted to the monarchical idea and the worst that is likely to happen will be a change of sovereign. The return of Prince Constantine to the capital might produce disturbances, but he is likely to be discreet enough to avoid Athens for a time.

LONDON, May 13.—The Athens correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle*, telegraphing shortly before midnight, says: "The Government is becoming seriously discontented with the diplomatic situation and the opinion is growing that it would be better to continue the struggle than to submit to terms wounding the national honor."

"Some of the Powers favor a small indemnity, a modification of the frontier and a limitation of the Greek fleet. This would never be accepted by Greece. She possesses the right to veto the decisions of the Powers. In their original note the Powers called upon her to abandon her interests to them, but this was rejected and the word 'intrust' was substituted for 'abandon.'"

ARTA, May 12.—The Greeks under Col. Bairactaris have advanced towards Phillippiadda. After sharp outpost skirmishing the Turks retired on Salopulo and the Greeks re-occupied the heights of Imaret.

LONDON, May 13.—The Athens correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says:

"By the Czar's express command, Count Muravieff, the Russian Foreign Minister, has instructed M. Deneliidoff, the Russian ambassador at Constantinople, to insist peremptorily upon a cessation of hostilities by Turkey.

"I also learn that Count Muravieff has decided to have an assembly elected in Crete in order to ascertain the true Cretan opinion. If the Cretans reject autonomy the entire question will be reconsidered.

"This attitude is full of hope for Crete and Greece."

HARDWARE JOBBERS.

A Large Attendance at the Convention of the Southern Association in Savannah, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 12.—The annual convention of the Southern Hardware Jobbers Association began in this city to-day. There are about one hundred representatives of hardware firms present from all parts of the South, and quite a great number of representatives of manufacturing establishments from various cities of the country.

The sessions are held with closed doors but part of the first day was devoted to a public meeting at which the convention was organized and the president's address delivered.

After that the convention went into executive session, at which two papers were read, one by William Supple, of Philadelphia, who is president of the National Hardware Association. The subject was "What constitutes the cost of doing business?" The subject of the other paper was "Should salesmen be given the true cost?"

Both papers were discussed by the convention.

GRAND LODGE ODD FELLOWS

Adjourned to Meet in Raleigh—Officers Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, May 12.—The business of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows today was nearly all routine. The following officers were elected:

Grand Master—James P. Sawyer, Asheville.

Deputy Grand Master—R. W. Murray, Greensboro.

Grand Warden—B. S. Royster, Oxford.

Grand Secretary—B. H. Woodell, Raleigh.

Grand Treasurer—R. J. Jones, Wilmington.

Grand Representative—John F. Bruton, Wilson.

The Grand Master appointed the following:

Grand Marshal—Claude Kitchin, Scotland Neck.

Grand Conductor—W. N. Everett, Rockingham.

Grand Guardian—B. J. Summerrow, Newton.

Grand Herald—Isaac Northrop, Wilmington.

Grand Chaplain—Rev. Geo. A. Page, Charlotte.

The Grand Lodge adjourned to meet in Raleigh in May, 1898.

CATHOLIC KNIGHTS.

Second Day's Session of the Biennial Council—Returns Show a Total Membership in the States of Over Twenty-Three Thousand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, ALA., May 12.—The second day's session of the biennial council of the Catholic Knights of America was almost entirely taken up with the reading and discussion of the report of the committee on by-laws, which was a very voluminous document and required three hours to read.

The committee on returns reported the number of members from each State and the votes to which each State is entitled in the convention, showing a total membership of 23,576 and a total vote in the council of 477, by States. This report was adopted.

The reading of the report of the committee on by-laws was by delegate Kelliher, of California, chairman of the committee. The proposed amendments to the laws of the order filled eight printed pages of the official organ. The reading of the report was concluded at the afternoon session and the whole matter referred to the committee of the whole, with Hon. D. Coleman, of Louisiana, as chairman.

A lengthy address was made by John A. Bedell, of Illinois, on the subject of the guarantee fund and the abolition of State councils.

RICE GROWERS

Rallying in Force at Washington to Prevent Legislation Inimical to Their Interest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Representatives of the rice interests of Georgia, South Carolina and Louisiana, have invaded the Capital in full force. At the Ebbitt last night were Hon. C. C. Duson, a Republican State Senator from Southwest Louisiana; Prof. S. A. Knapp, of Lake Charles, in the same State; Locke Breaux and S. B. Daniel, of the New Orleans Rice Exchange, and Col. P. S. Lovell, President of the Crowley (Louisiana) State Bank. These gentlemen are all large rice growers. They say they were satisfied with the rice schedule of the Dingley bill as it passed the House, but are up in arms at the revised version presented by the Senate Finance Committee.

The rice growers are asking to be heard before the duty is finally fixed, and they are making a man-to-man canvas of the Senate.

STATE DENTAL SOCIETY

In Annual Convention at Charlotte—Addresses Delivered at Yesterday's Session.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 12—The State Dental Society opened its annual convention here to-day. The address of welcome was delivered by C. W. Tillet of Charlotte. Dr. J. N. Carr, of Durham and Dr. C. A. Bland, of Charlotte, delivered addresses relating to the rapid progress of late years in dental surgery.

President Wyche, of Greensboro, also delivered an address.

WARM WIRELETS

The Senate, in executive session, confirmed Cornelius Vancott to be postmaster at New York.

"Typhoon" won the Louisville, Ky., Derby; Ornament was second; Dr. Catlett third. Time 2:12 1 2.

Isaac Clute, ex-champion checker player of the United States, died yesterday, aged 75 years, at Saratoga, N.Y.

Elmer Clawson, 19 years of age, was hanged yesterday at Somerville, N. J., for the murder of Harry Hodgett, a farmer, in August last.

Senator Pettigrew yesterday re-introduced his anti trust amendment to the tariff bill, changing the phraseology so as to make its operations more certain and effective.

A special from Greenville, S. C. says: The condition of Senator Earle seems to have taken a turn for the better and it is now confidently hoped that he is on the road to permanent recovery.

The White Star line steamship Teutonic arrived at New York last night. Among the steerage passengers were 550 young women from Ireland. Their ages range from 18 to 25 years and they are mostly good looking.

General Nelson A. Miles, United States Army, has arrived at Southampton, from New York, on his way to the scene of the Greece-Turkish war. He intends to see the Turkish army and the armies of Europe generally before returning to the United States.

A Tough Old Pie.

In former times passengers to Gloucester by the Great Western railway had to stop at Swindon long enough to lunch at the station, says London Truth. Lord Somers often went to and from Eastnor castle and often tried to have meals at Swindon, but was forced to leave off trying. There were then no refreshment contractors. In one of his halts he was given a veal pie in a turret of crust as hard as any tower at Eastnor.

He thought he had seen the pie before and in vain endeavored to cut into the pie crust wall. A merry thought came into his head. The earl had a quantity of gummed labels for curios in his pocket. He gummed one of them on the bottom of the pie and left. A fortnight later he returned, ordered the same lunch and found the label on the bottom of the turret that was set before him.

Old Fashioned Journalism.

A visitor with blood in his eye called upon a Springfield editor the other day and made four attempts to introduce the latest edition of Smith & Wesson's work on "Perforation." He succeeded in putting a scare head on the editor, but no crape on the sanctum.—Chicago Times-Herald.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SHIELDED BY PROVIDENCE.

Two Missiles That Met In the Air and Fell Harmless to the Ground.

A half dozen or so men were sitting out in front of an uptown hotel the other evening telling stories.

"When I was 21," said a tall man, evidently from a southern state, "I had an ungovernable temper and a half brother three years older than myself. We were both church members, but that didn't seem to bring us any closer together, for he was a Methodist and I was a Baptist. You may have observed," he threw in as a decoration to the story, "that Christian charity and brotherly love don't always thrive on denominational feed. However, as I was saying, we were of different denominations, and we got along fairly well together until we began arguing on our respective faiths. Then we got hot, and I always lost my temper. I may say that he did very nearly the same, but he wasn't quite as bad as I was in that regard.

"One day we were out hunting with only one gun, a squirrel rifle, between us, and I had the gun. I may add here that we lived on a farm, and a one gun hunting party was not at all unusual. We had sat down on a rock near the edge of a stream to rest, and in some way I slipped and went into the water. It made me mad to begin with, and when he began chaffing me and telling me that a Baptist ought to be used to a little thing like that I got ten times worse and hit him a lick in the face. He ran off a few yards and picked up a bowlder about as big as your double fist, while I made a grab for the gun, which I had set up against a willow under the bank.

"Of course we did not know what we were doing by this time, only I remember telling him if he raised his hand to throw the stone I'd shoot him. He was nervy, though, and I hadn't more than got the words out of my mouth than he let the bowlder come at me, and, true to my word, I banged away at him. We weren't 40 feet apart, and it was a stand off between the bowlder and the bullet as to which was the more dangerous, but Providence, I reckon, was watching over us, for as I fired the bowlder flew into a dozen pieces, and both of us were left standing looking at each other in a dazed, helpless kind of way. Then, still not understanding what had happened, but realizing how nearly our tempers had brought us to bloodshed, we rushed into each other's arms and began crying over each other.

"When we had got over the excitement and collected our wits sufficiently to make an investigation, we discovered that by the merest chance — by providential interference, I mean—my bullet and his bowlder had met in their flight and nullified each other. On one piece of the broken stone we found the blue mark of the bullet, and in another place we found the battered bullet. He took the bullet, and I took the piece of marked stone, and we have kept them to this day as sacred souvenirs and as very potent reminders never to discuss our respective beliefs. I'm just as strong a Baptist as ever, and he is equally a Methodist, but we both believe that greater than either Baptist or Methodist is the Providence that watches over us all."—Washington Star.

A Man's Weight After Dinner.

Why does not a man weigh a pound more immediately after eating a pound of food? A little reflection will readily explain this apparent mystery. During the process of mastication, deglutition, etc., certain muscles are brought into active play, and the exercise of any muscle necessitates a temporary waste of its tissues, and a certain amount of carbon is eliminated and passed off during the course of the meal.

This loss, however, is trifling as compared with that of respiration and perspiration, both of which are increased during the various operations of making a meal. The length of time one may take to consume a pound of food makes no little difference to these losses, for if eaten leisurely there is but a slight increase of respiration or perspiration, whereas if it is hurried through both are abnormally accelerated; hence, by the time the pound is eaten, the consumer has lost appreciably in moisture or carbonic acid.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Disgusted Shah.

When the late shah of Persia was visiting England he frequently expressed his contempt for the mildness of English law. So he was finally taken to Newgate in order that he might see a gallows. He at once manifested great interest in it, and, expressing a desire to see how it worked, asked the governor to hang a man. The governor explained that he had not at the time a man ready for the experiment, whereupon the shah expressed his contempt. But he intimated that that was of no consequence. "Hang one of these," said he, pointing to his suit, each man of which probably trembled in his shoes. And very great indeed was the shah's disgust when he found that he could not prevail upon the governor to do what he wanted.—New York Tribune.

Behind a Wall Within a Wall.

The emperor of China, Kuang Hsu, cannot appear in public. He lives in a great palace surrounded by a wall. He was kept in the strictest seclusion throughout his youth, the dowager empress acting as regent. He had in his palace yard miniature models of men-of-war, a train of cars which was an exact model of the first railway train run in China, and every toy that science could invent or money procure. But he has never seen one of his own men-of-war or ridden in a real railway carriage.—New York Ledger.

All Is Vanity.

There have been many sermons preached upon the uncertainty of human existence, but never has the moral of life's passing shadow been more forcibly put than in Pat's question, "What is the world to a man when his wife is a widdy?"—Boston Transcript.

Nature's Methods.

Nature is no spendthrift, but takes the shortest way to her ends. As the general says to his soldiers, "If you want a fort, build a fort," so nature makes every creature do its own work and get its living, be it planet, animal or tree.—Emerson.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Leave your orders with Andrew Mavronichols, No. 706 North Fourth street, for your "Ice Cream," delivered free any part of the city on Sunda Bell 'Phone 346. my 13 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street. I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 3m

Brown Dress Linens, New Rugs, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 18 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

N. Siegert, Merchant Tailor, 128½ Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Seasonable Suits made to order for $18 00 and up. The best work and fit is what I give my customers. When in need of anything in my line give me a call. my 4 1m

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, so there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 2 tf

Your Country Produce send it to me. Seven years experience. Beef Cattle, Mutton, and Milch Cows a specialty. M. C. Benson, No 5 South Water street. ap 10 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92 mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House e21

Gold Dust and Pearline.

75	Cases	Gold Dust.
50	"	Pearline.
100	"	Spoon Borax Soap.
100	"	Boss Soap.
50	"	Clairette.
100	"	Mendleson's Lye.
100	"	Star Lye.

W. B. COOPER,

226 North Water Street,

my 9 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

THIS WEEK

At The Unlucky Corner

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs.

The price will help your pocket. The quality is A No. 1. Do you tumble! I have dropped the price of HEN FRUIT.

S. W. SANDERS.

my 9 tf

Attention Everybody.

300 bus. Field Peas for seed.
1,000 kegs Cut and Wire Nails.
50 barrels Mullets.
100 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
100 ounces P. & W. Quinine.
50 doz Groves' Chill Tonic.
and a full line of heavy groceries at prices to meet any market. We only ask a trial. D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 7 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my 9 tf D&W

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the cause of Frank H. Blodgett, who sues in behalf of himself and all other creditors against the Union Construction Company, the undersigned receiver will expose for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Southport, N. C., on Saturday, the 15th of May, 1897, at 12 M., the following described property: All the right, title and interest of the Union Construction Company in and to the franchise, roadbed, rights of way, aqueducts, culverts, bridges and other appurtenances of the Carolina, Tennessee and Ohio Railway Company, as the same is now surveyed, profiled, graded and constructed, from the point where the same connects with the W., C. & A. Railway near Meares' Bluff, Brunswick county, to the city of Southport; and also all the interest of said Construction Company in and to 450 coupon bonds of the sum of $1,0.0 each, secured by deed of trust made by the Carolina, Tennessee and Ohio Railway Company to the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company of Baltimore, said deed being duly registered in said Brunswick county.

apr 13 30t J. T. ADAMS, Receiver.

Big Reduction

—IN—

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.

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Best Quality Only

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Flour, Sugar, Molasses,

SALT MEAT, LARD,

Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, Lime, Cement

Nails, Rivets, Hoop Iron, Snuff, Lye, Soap, Tobacco, Cigars, Cakes, Crackers.

Lowest cash prices.

WORTH & WORTH.

ap 9 tf

The Circus.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT TO-DAY CAN be found "Harper's Weekly," "Standard," "Puck," "Judge," "Truth" and other Illustrated papers, besides many story papers. A full stock of N. Y. dailies. Either the "Journal" or the "World" for two cents. Reach's base Ball-Guide for 1897 just received. my 9 tf

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

PROSPERITY.

We have received notice from manufacturers and dealers of a steady rise in all kinds of Dry Goods and Carpets. Prosperity is in sight and it behooves our customers to make their purchases before it arrives. We are offering goods this week to suit the

HARD TIMES.

1,000 yards Silkaline at 10 cents a yard.

We have just received 1,000 yards Bordered Muslins for Curtains at 12½, 15, 17, 18, 20, 25, 30 and 40c per yard.

200 Cloth Window Shades at 25 cents each, complete.

Antique Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 54-inch wide, $4 per pair.

All Linen Window Shades 3x5 at 55 cents each.

Felt Window Shades 12½ cents each.

Curtain Poles, with wooden fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut, Poplar, 22½ cents each.

Curtain Poles and Brass fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut and Poplar, 21½ cents each.

Brass Extension Rods 10 and 12½ cents each.

Fire Place Screens, complete, $1 each.

Point de-Spree, 54-inch wide, 35c per yard.

Notingham Curtain Nets 15, 20, 25 and 30c per yard.

UNDERWEAR.

Gentlemen's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers 25 and 50 cents each.

Gentlemen's Drill Drawers 50 cents pair.

Gentlemen's Hosiery 10, 15, 20, 25 and 50 cents.

Gentlemen's Dress Shirts 50, 75, $1 and $1.50.

Ladies' Bleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 10 cents each.

Ladies' Unbleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 12½ and 15 cents each.

Children's and Youths' Underwear.

We make a specialty of Ladies' Bathing Suits in Brilliantine and Flannel; also Submarine and ordinary Rubber Bathing Caps.

100 pieces Matting just received, made in China—80, 90 and 100 lbs to roll.

Carpets at special prices.

Small Hardware for house furnishing.

Art Denims in real and imitation.

Velours, Cretonnes, Japanese Draperies, Brocatelles, Tapestries, Upholstering Damask, Gimps, Upholstering Plush, Oil Cloths and Stair Linens, Trunks and Telescopes, Portiers and Rugs.

Corsets—"Her Majesty," "R. & G.," C-B a la sprite, Warner's "Tripple A A A," Warner's "No 65," Warner's "No. 222," Warner's "Tripple N N N," Warner's Coraline, sizes 31 to 36, "Thompson's Glove-Fitting," "Sylvia French Woven," "Ferris Waists," "Nagrath Waist" for children.

Dress Goods—The prettiest line ever shown in Wilmington.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

my 2 tf

The Southern Baptist Convention

is to meet in our city this week. We are expecting a very large crowd. Some of the most talented men in the United States are expected to attend, and our people have joined hands in entertaining the delegates.

I say come and be one of the happy band,
Make life pleasant while you may;
Welcome, welcome, one and all,
To our City by the Sea.

We promise you a good time and show you many things of interest. And I have this to say: If you need any Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Laces, Veilings, Ribbons, Embroideries, Ladies' Hats, Men's Hats, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Underwear or Dress Shirts, Trunks, Grips, Valises, or anything in the Dry Goods line, come to see us. We are headquarters for bargains; the largest Dry Goods store in the State, covering 15,000 square feet, three floors connected by an electric elevator, and we have goods from every clime to show you at any time.

Ladies' Hats, nicely trimmed, from 50, 75c to $1.00; better, nicer and pretty goods, very nobby, from $1 50 up to 6.00 each.

We do the Millinery business of the city, employing 8 ladies in this department alone.

Ribbon all prices, from 1c to $1 00 per yard.

Veiling from 10 to 50c per yard.

Silk Laces from 5 to 50c.

Sailor Hats from 9c to $1.50 each.

The narrow back rough straw Sailor, beautiful goods, at 75c each.

Men's Clothing, we are headquarters—Our stock is the largest and by far cheaper than any other house in the city.

Men's Suits for $1 98. Splendid Linen Suits for $2 87. Good Black Suits for $1 95.

Strictly all wool colored Scotch Cheviot Suits, splendid pattern, new goods, at $4.25.

Black Clay Worsted Suits, strictly all wool, for $5.00, 6.00, 7 00, 8 00, 9.00 and 9 50.

Prince Albert Suits, best Clay Worsted, nicely made up for $12 50.

Gents' and Ladies' Shirts and Pants in Balbriggan goods, for 25, 35, 40 and 50c.

Best Seamless Hose and Socks for 10c; Double Heel and Foot for 15c.

All grades best Hosiery from 5 to 50c a pair.

Boys' Suits, new goods and new styles, from 68, 98c, $1 00, 1.35, 1.85, 2 00 to 3 50.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

my 2 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

DON'T MISS IT!

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND THE

Great Bargain Sale

—AT—

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

Of Millinery, Hats, trimmed and untrimmed, Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Underwear, Corsets, Umbrellas, Sunshades and Notions.

Dry Goods.

New and desirable goods in Silks, Organdies, Dimities, Lawns, Lappets, Plaids, Checks, Brilliantines, Percales and all fashionable goods.

Prices lower than any other house in the State, quality and style considered. All we ask is a call.

A glance through our establishment will convince you of the same.

118 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Samples sent on application.

Mme. A. Ruppert's Face Bleach and Soap. my 9 tf

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS

Having secured the services of Mr. George A. Peterson as manager of this Department, we are prepared to furnish estimates on

ROOFING, GUTTERING,

Repairing of Roofs and General Job Work.

In or Out of the City.

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ap 28 tf

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Hardware, Tinware,

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